



Musaf Amida with English Translation and Commentary

מתזור

ראש השנה Mussaf Companion



Rabbi David Sutton

Dedicated in memory of

JOSEPH N. SHALOM YOSEF BEN MAZAL

by his Grandchildren

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1036 Ocean Pkwy/ Brooklyn, N.Y. 11230 / (718) 677-3707

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Design and Layout: mdkgraphicdesign@gmail.com

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Acknowledgements

Many people shared in making this volume possible. The credit for whatever it accomplishes — and I pray that it brings a heightened appreciation of the meaning of the Mussaf prayers — will be shared by all of them.

This started as a series explaining the prayers of Mussaf of Rosh Hashanah at the Yad Yosef Torah Center during the weeks before Rosh Hashanah. RICO TUSON spread the classes through his CD's and website, learntorah.com. Baruch Hashem, these classes were well received and many people commented that their prayers were greatly enhanced. Two individuals stand out as being the catalysts to transcribe the thoughts from the audio to the written word. CHARLES DWECK and NATHAN I. DWECK wrote notes from the classes and had the idea to create a pamphlet that would inspire the masses on this holy day. They corrected, prodded, and advised until the project came to fruition. This project would not have been possible without the tireless effort of our graphic artist, MRS M.D. KNOPFLER; this was a labor of love and she used her years of graphics training to produce this masterpiece. I am indebted to MRS FELICE EISNER for her painstaking and highly professional editing.

It is with a heavy heart that I mention one of the last favors done to me by RABBI MEIR ZLOTOWITZ of blessed memory. When I asked him for permission to use the ArtScroll translation of the Mussaf prayers, he responded, "Please write, **Permission granted with love from ArtScroll/Mesorah Publications**." He was a great man and will be sorely missed.

I thank my parents, DR. JOSEPH and MRS. LIELA SUTTON, who are my best listeners and always offer words of praise and

guidance. I thank them for their direction and guidance and for sending me to all the best Yeshivot; many of the ideas in the explanation came from the shiurim I heard from the Mashgiach, RABBI SHELOMO WOLBE zt''l.

I thank my father-in-law, RABBI NOSSON SCHERMAN, for always helping and guiding me in anything I decide to publish and for always offering his sage advice.

Last, but certainly not least, words are not sufficient to express my gratitude to my dear wife CHAYA for everything she does and for allowing me the time and freedom to be involved in so many wonderful projects.

Finally, I thank the Ribono Shel Olam for His unending kindness and for enabling me to serve Him and Klal Yisrael. May it be Hashem's will that the objective of this project — to educate and enlighten people in the meaning of the Mussaf prayers, will come to fruition.

Rabbi David Sutton Elul 5777/ Aug 2017

3 Introduction

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As is well known, all that happens during the year is decided on Rosh Hashanah. Hashem in His great kindness told us how to merit a good judgment: Say before Me verses that discuss My kingdom, verses that mention that I remember you and verses that discuss the shofar.

These *pesukim* are found in the additional sections we add in the Mussaf prayer. Over the years I have noticed that many people are not aware of these *pesukim's* prominence in our prayers. The goal of this pamphlet is to enable one to have added *kavanah* and insight into these thirty additional *pesukim*. Preferably, one should study the pamphlet beforehand and become familiar with the format and the ideas mentioned. The insights mentioned are, by far, only a tip of the iceberg and meant only as an aid to further your own work on prayer.

It is my hope that these ideas help your prayer and grant you and the entire Jewish people a happy and healthy new year, with the coming of Mashiach and glorification of Hashem's Name, which is the main focus of the Mussaf prayers.

🐉 How to Get the Most Out of This Machzor 🍣

Before the actual prayers: Read the section, "Overview of the Musaf Amida." This will help create a better understanding of the ideal mindset for your *tefila*.

Additionally, to have the proper perspective of the shofar sounds and *tefila*, read the sections at the end of the pamphlet titled, "What to think about when blowing the shofar," and "Mindsets and Attitudes to Aid Rosh Hashana Prayer."

During the actual prayers:

- 1. This pamphlet contains the FULL *Amida* of Musaf. You will not need an additional Machzor.
- 2. For reference, the *pesukim* are divided into Torah, Ketuvim, and Neviim.
- 3. Each sectional *pasuk* is numbered from 1 to 10 so you know the 10 quotes from Torah, Ketuvim, and Neviim.
- 4. The beige boxes at the side of the Hebrew contain the theme of that section, explanation of the reason for the *pasuk*, etc. You can look at it before or after you say the *pasuk*, etc.
- 5. Introductions to the pesukim in Hebrew, or their English equivalent (for example, ונאמר, are part of the tefila.) Do not skip any Hebrew, except for that in the beige boxes toward the end.
- 6. When the shofar is sounded, pause in the *tefila*, *wherever you* are up to, and reflect on the meaning of the shofar (see end of pamphlet for an understanding of the shofar).

מוסף

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🐉 Overview of the Musaf Amida 🥞

Understanding the Rosh Hashana Amida beracha of Ha'melech Ha'kadosh

In the beracha of המלך הקדוש, we are thinking and describing anxiously what it will be like when the Mashiach comes. There are four paragraphs here that follow a logical progression: Oo'beken yitkadash shimcha, oobeken ten pachdecha, oobeken ten kavod le'amecha, and oobeken sadikin yiroo ve'yismachu.

Paragraph #1 - וּבְכֵן יִתְקַדֵּשׁ שָׁמָרְ יִהוָה אֱל הֵינוֹ עַל יִשָּׁרָאֵל עַמֶּרְ

First, we are describing and asking for the events that will lead to the Mashiach. We are asking that Hashem should reveal Himself, and that His Name should be sanctified. We ask that we should all see clearly what is important in life. Each of us should desire to serve Hashem, to be a good person, to learn Torah, and to run after misvot. It is helpful to stop and imagine what that would be like. Imagine if everyone desired to serve Hashem. Imagine if everyone loved Torah. Picture the siyum ha'shas. And imagine instead of 100,000 Jews together, there are 10 million! This is what it will be like when Hashem reveals himself.

Paragraph #2 ובכן תן פחדר יהוה אל הינו על כל מעשיך

This paragraph continues the logical progression: If Hashem reveals Himself, everyone will fear him. Everyone will finally see clearly Hashem's greatness and they will be in awe of His Kingship. Imagine a son whose father secretly does amazing acts of kindness. He supports the fallen. He builds institutions. He gives sedaka. He is a truly amazing person. But in public no one knows about it. In fact, people think the father is cruel and unfair. The father is shamed and disgraced. No one listens to him. No one respects him. People mock those who love him and follow his word. How much would the son want the father to finally let everyone in the world know how great he really is and all he does. How great will it be when his father finally gets the respect he deserves. There are 7 billion people in this world. How many people recognize and serve Hashem? How many people

recognize His nation? How many Jews are there in this world? How many intermarry? How many Jews don't even know what it means to be Jewish? How many Jews grew up Jewish but still could not care less about Shabbat and other foundations of Judaism? בְּכֵן תֵּוְ פַּחְדָּךְּ יְהֹוֶה יִהֹיָה עַל כְּל מִעֲשֶׂיִכְ
Let everyone see clearly how great and amazing You are, Hashem. Let everyone know! Let them finally respect and fear You! This is what we are asking!

וּבְכֵּן תַּן כָּבוֹד יָהוָה לְעַמֵּך, תָּהְלָה לִירֵאֵיך Paragraph #3

This paragraph follows logically: When everyone finally recognizes Hashem and us as His chosen nation (in the times of the Mashiach), then we as the Jewish people will have honor, and this will bring glory to Hashem.

Paragraph #4- וּבְּכֵן צַדִּיקִים יִרְאוֹ וְיִשְׁמַחוֹ,

This paragraph follows, stating that when we have honor and Hashem has honor, then the *sadikim* will see and rejoice. This is generally what we are asking for on Rosh Hashana: that Hashem should rule openly and that everyone should recognize His kingship.

Malchiyot. Zichronot. Shofarot

The Musaf *amida* is unlike any other Musaf *tefila*. It uniquely contains nine *berachot* while all other Musaf prayers during the year have just seven. As with other Musaf *tefilot*, the category of the first three *berachot* is "praise" and focus of the last three is "thanks." However, here the middle section uniquely contains three *berachot* (instead of one). The first of the middle three *berachot* is called *Malchiyot*, (Hashem is king), the second is *Zichronot* (Hashem remembers our deeds), and the third is *Shofarot* (Revelations of shofar blasts).

Each of the middle *berachot* contains an introductory paragraph. For instance, עלינו לשבח, which discusses the acceptance of Hashem's Kingship, introduces the section of *Malchiyot*. The *beracha* then follows with ten פסוקים that express the theme of that section. For instance, *Malchiyot* contains ten פסוקים with the word "מלך" (king) in

them. Zichronot contains ten פסוקים with the word "זכור" (remember) in them, and Shofarot contains ten פסוקים with the word "שופר" (shofar) in them.

The ten פסוקים in each section are broken down as follows:

- I. The first set of three פסוקים are from the Torah, introduced with the words, "ככתוב בתורתך."
- II. The second set of three פסוקים are from the *Ketuvim*, introduced with the words, "ובדברי קדשך כתוב לאמר."
- III. The third set of three פסוקים are from the *Neviim*, introduced with the words, "ועל ידי עבדך הנביאים כתוב לאמר".
- IV. The last פסוק is again from the Torah.

The Three Fundamentals of Emunah

The Maharsha explains that there are three main principles of Emunah and the three middle *berachot* correspond to these three principles:

- 1. The fundamental principle that Hashem created the world is represented in the *beracha* of *Malchiyot*, where the theme is that Hashem is King.
- 2. The fundamental principle that Hashem runs the world on an ongoing basis is represented in the *beracha* of *Zichronot*, where the main theme is reward and punishment.
- 3. The fundamental principle that Hashem gave us the Torah is represented in the third *beracha*, *Shofarot*, where the main theme is that Torah is from Hashem (as we discuss the shofar that was blown during *Matan Torah*).

🦫 The purpose of עלינו (Alenu) in the Musaf Amida

We begin the Musaf section of *Malchiyot* with *Alenu*. Most people think *Alenu* was part of our daily *tefila* and the Hachamim decided

later to add it to the Rosh Hashana Musaf prayer. It is actually the other way around. *Alenu* originated in the *Amida* of Musaf on Rosh Hashana, and the Hachamim felt it was such a powerful *tefila* that they decided that we should say it at the end of every *tefila*.

Yehoshua ben Nun wrote the first half of *Alenu*. Achan wrote the second half. Yehoshua wrote *Alenu* as they were entering Eres Yisrael and breaking down the walls of Yericho. No one was allowed to take from the booty of Yericho, but Achan took from the booty and died. And before he died he wrote the second paragraph of *Alenu (Al Ken Nekaveh)*. Both authors hinted at their names in the prayer. The first letters of הושע spells על כן נקוה in reverse, and the first letters of עכן נקוה.

The Rabbis put this special prayer in the *Amida* to prepare us for accepting the yoke of Hashem in the *beracha* of *Malchiyot*. In *Malchiyot* we are re-accepting Hashem as king and if you will accept a master or king upon yourself it is important to know that he is a real king and has the power to take care of you. *Alenu* discusses the extent of Hashem's strength and kingship and how He is the only true king and there is no one beside Him. We say, we are thankful to You Hashem that You didn't make us like the other nations that bow to falsehood. They pray to a God that has no power to answer and we pray to the king of kings, the God that made the heavens and earth, Who is in control and there is no one but Him.

In the next paragraph, of על כן נקוה, we ask that the rest of the world should also realize that Hashem is the only king. We say "על כן נקוה" we are looking forward, "לראות מהרה בתפארת עוזך" and want to see it soon, "מחקן" and want to see it soon, "להעביר גילולים מן הארץ", that the idols be removed from the world, "עולם ", to perfect the world, "וכל בני בשר", and we want to see everyone turn to You and bow to You, "ויקבלו כולם את עול מלכותך", and we want to see everyone (not just us) accept You as king, "חמלוך עליכם", and You should reign over them, "מהרה לעולם ועד", speedily and forever. "כי", because the kingdom is Yours, and You will reign in glory forever.



מוסף

אֲדֹנָי, שְׂפָתֵי תִּפְתָח. וּפִי יַגִּיד תְּחִלְּתֶךְ:

בְּרוּך אַתָּה יהוה, אֱלֹהֵינוּ וֵאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, אֱלֹהֵי אַבְרָהָם. אֱלֹהֵי יִצְחָק וֵאלֹהֵי יַעְקֹב. הָאֵל הַנְּדוֹל הַנְּבּוֹר וְהַנּוֹרָא. אֵל עֶלְיוֹן. גּוֹמֵל חֲסָדִים טוֹבִים. קוֹנֵה הַכֹּל וְזוֹכֵר חַסְדֵי אָבוֹת. וּמֵבִיא גּוֹאֵל לִבְנִי בְנִיהֶם לְמַעַן שְׁמוֹ בְּאַהֲבָה:

> זָבְרֵנוּ לְחַיִּים. מֶלֶךְ חָפֵץ בַּחַיִּים. בָּתְבֵנוּ בְּםֵבֶּר חַיִּים. לְמַצְנָךְ אֱלֹהִים חַיִּים:

:מֶלֶךְ עוֹזֵר וּמוֹשִׁיעַ וּמְגַן:בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה , מְגַן אַבְרָהָם:

אַבּוֹר לְעוֹלָם אֲדֹנָי. מְחַיֶּה מֵתִים אַתָּה. רַב לְהוֹשִׁיעַ. מוֹרִיד הַטַּל.

מְבַלְבֵל חַיִּים בְּחֶסֶד. מְחַיֶּה מֵתִים בְּרַחֲמִים רַבִּים. סוֹמֵךְ נוֹפְלִים וְרוֹפֵא חוֹלִים. וּמַתִּיר אֲסוּרִים. וּמְקַיֵם אֲמוּנָתוֹ לִישֵׁנֵי עֲפָּר. מִי כְמוֹךְ בַּעַל גְּבוּרוֹת וּמִי דוֹמֶה לְךְ. מֶלֶךְ מֵמִית וּמְחַיֶּה נְפָר. מִי כְמוֹךְ בַּעַל גְּבוּרוֹת וּמִי דוֹמֶה לְךְ. מֶלֶךְ מֵמִית וּמְחַיֶּה וּמְדֵּעָה:

מִי כְמוֹךְ אָב הָרַחְמָן זוֹבֵר יְצוּרָיו בְּרַחֲמִים לְחַיִּים:

ןָבֶּאֶבֶן אַתָּה לְהַחֲיוֹת מֵתִים:בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, מְחַיֶּה הַמֵּתִים:

 $During the\ repetition\ of\ the\ Amidah\ add\ Keter\ on\ page\ 60$

אָתָּה קרוש וְשִׁמְךּ קרוש. וּקרוֹשִׁים בְּכָל יוֹם יְהַלְלוּךְ 🥳 פֶּלָה:לְרוֹר וָרוֹר הַמְלִיכוּ לָאֵל כִּי הוּא לְבַרוֹ מָרוֹם וְקָרוֹשׁ:

:בָּבֶר יִתְקַדָּשׁ שִׁמְדְ יהוה אֱלֹהֵינוּ עַל יִשְׂרָאֵל עַפֶּדְ:

מוסף _____ ראש השנה | 13

My Lord, open my lips, that my mouth may declare Your praise.

Blessed are You, HASHEM, our God and the God of our forefathers, God of Abraham, God of Isaac, and God of Jacob; the great, mighty, and awesome God, the supreme God, Who bestows beneficial kindnesses and creates everything, Who recalls the kindnesses of the Patriarchs and brings a Redeemer to their children's children, for His Name's sake, with love.

Remember us for life, O King Who desires life, and inscribe us in the Book of Life — for Your sake, O Living God.

O King, Helper, Savior, and Shield. Blessed are You, HASHEM, Shield of Abraham.

You are eternally mighty, my Lord, the Revivifier of the dead are You; abundantly able to save.

He sustains the living with kindness, revivifies the dead with abundant mercy, supports the fallen, heals the sick, releases the confined, and maintains His faith to those asleep in the dust. Who is like You, O Master of mighty deeds, and who is comparable to You, O King Who causes death and restores life and makes salvation sprout!

Who is like You, Merciful Father, Who recalls His creatures mercifully for life!

And You are faithful to revivify the dead. Blessed are You, HASHEM, Who revivifies the dead.

Duringthe repetition of the Amidah add Keter on page 60

You are holy and Your Name is holy, and holy ones praise You every day, forever.

And so let Your Name be sanctified —Adonay, our God —upon Israel, Your people.

רְּבָּבְּן תֵּן פַּחְדְּדְּ יהוֹה אֱלֹהֵינוּ עַל כָּל מַעֲשֶׂידְ. וְאֵימְתְדְּ עַל כָּל מַעֲשֶׂידְ. וְאִימְתְדְּ עַל כָּל מַמְעְשִׂים וְיִשְׁתַּחֲוּוּ לְפָּנֶידְ כָּל הַמַּעְשִׂים וְיִשְׁתַּחֲוּוּ לְפָנֶידְ כָּל הַבְּּרוּאִים. וְיֵעֲשׁוּ כָלָּם אֲגָדָה אֶחָת לַעֲשׂוֹת רְצוֹנְדְּ בְּלֵכָב שְׁלֵם. שֶׁיָדְעְנוּ יהוֹה אֱלֹהֵינוּ שֶׁהַשְּׁלְטְן לְפָנֶידְ. עוֹ בְּיִרְדְּ וּגְבוּרְה שֶׁיִדְעְנוּ יהוֹה אֱלֹהֵינוּ שֶׁהַשְּׁלְטְן לְפָנֶידְ. עוֹ בְּיִרְדְּ וּגְבוּרְה בּיִמִינֵדְ. וִשִּׁמִדְ נוֹרָא עַל כָּל מַה שֵׁבֶּרָאתָ:

וּבְּבֶּן תֵּן כָּבוֹד לְעַפֶּךְ. תְּהִלָּה לִירֵאֶיךְ. וְתִקְנָה טוֹבָה לְדוֹרְשֶׁיךְ. וּפִּתְחוֹן פָּה לַמְיַחֲלִים לְךְ. שִׁמְחָה לְאַרְצָּךְ. שְׁשוֹן לְעִירָךְ. וּצְמִיחַת כֶּלֶן לְדָוִד עַבְדָּךְ. וַעֲרִיכַת בֵּר לְבֶן יִשֵּׁי לְעִירָךְ. וּצְמִינוּ: מְשִׁיחֶךְ, בִּמְהֵרָה בְיָמֵינוּ:

וּבְבֶּרָ צַדִּיקִים יִרְאוּ וְיִשְׂמָחוּ וִישָׁרִים יַעֲלֹזוּ. וַחֲסִידִים בְּרְנָּה יָגִילוּ. וְעוֹלְתָה תִקְפֹּץ פִּיהָ. וְהָרִשְׁעָה כֻלְּה בֶּעְשָׁן תִּכְלֶה. כִּי תַּעֲבִיר מֶמְשֶׁלֶת זְדוֹן מִן הָאָרֶץ: תַּעֲבִיר מֶמְשֶׁלֶת זְדוֹן מִן הָאָרֶץ:

וְתְּמְלֹדְ אַתָּה הוּא יהוּה אֱלֹהֵינוּ מְהֵרָה עַל כָּל מַעֲשֶׂיךּ. בְּהַר צִיוֹן מִשְׁכַּן כְּבוֹדֶךּ. וּבִירוּשְׁלַיִם עִיר מִקְדָּשֶׁךּ. כַּכְּתוּב בְּדִבְרֵי קִין מִשְׁכַּן כְּבוֹדֶךּ. וּבִירוּשְׁלַיִם עִיר מִקְדָּשֶׁךּ. כַּכְּתוּב בְּדִבְרֵי קִיֹן מִשְׁרָּיִ יהוּה לְעוֹלָם אֱלֹהַיִךְ צִיוֹן לְדֹר וָדֹר הַלְלוּיָה:

קָרוֹשׁ אַתָּה וְנוֹרָא שְׁמֶךּ. וְאֵין אֱלוֹהַ מִבּּלְעֲדֶיךְּ. בַּבְּתוּב וִיגְבַּה יהוה צְבָאוֹת בַּמִּשְׁפָּט וְהָאֵל הַקְּרוֹשׁ נִקְדָשׁ בִּצְדָקָה. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, הַמֶּלֶךְ הַקְּרוֹשׁ: מוסף _____ ראש השנה | 15

And so, too, O HASHEM, our God, instill Your awe upon all Your works and Your dread upon all that You have created. Let all works revere You and all creatures prostrate themselves before You. Let them all become a single society, to do Your will wholeheartedly. For as we know, HASHEM, our God, that the dominion is Yours, might is in Your hand and strength is in Your right hand, and Your Name inspires awe over all that You have created.

And so, too, grant honor to Your people, praise to those who revere You, good hope to those who seek You, and eloquent speech to those who hope to You; gladness to Your land and joy to Your city; flourishing pride to David, Your servant, and preparation of a lamp for the son of Jesse, Your anointed — speedily, in our days.

And so, too, the righteous will see and be glad, the upright will exult, and the devout will be mirthful with glad song. Iniquity will close its mouth and all wickedness will evaporate like smoke, when You will remove evil's domination from the earth.

Then You, HASHEM, will reign alone over all Your works, on Mount Zion, resting place of Your glory; and in Jerusalem, Your holy city; as it is written in Your holy writings: HASHEM shall reign forever—your God, O Zion—from generation to generation, Halleluyah!

You are holy and Your Name is awesome, and there is no god other than You, as it is written: HASHEM, Master of Legions, will be lofty in judgment, and the holy God will be sanctified in righteousness. Blessed are You, HASHEM, the holy King.

אַהָּה בְחַרְתָּנוּ מִכָּל הָעַמִּים אָהַבְתָּ אוֹתָנוּ וְרָצִיתָ בָּנוּ. וְרִצִּיתָ בְּנוּ. וְרִצִּיתָ בְּנוּ. וְרִבְּיתְנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתִיךְ. וְקַרַבְתְּנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתִיךְ. וְקַרַבְתְּנוּ מִּלְכֵּנוּ לַעֲבוֹדְתֶךְ. וְשִׁמְךְ הַנְּדוֹל וְהַקְּדוֹשׁ עֲלֵינוּ קַרָאתְ:וַתִּתֶּן לָנוּ יהוה אֱלֹהֵינוּ בְּאַהֲבָה אֶת יוֹם (בשבת: הַשַּבָּת הַזֶּה. וְאֶת יוֹם) לַנוּ יהוה אֱלֹהֵינוּ בְּאַהֲבָה מִקְרָא קֹדֶשׁ הַזֶּה. יוֹם תְּרוּעָה (בשבת: זִּבְּרוֹן הַוֹּה. אֶת יוֹם טוֹב מִקְרָא קֹדֶשׁ הַזֶּה. יוֹם תְּרוּעָה (בשבת: זִבְּרוֹן תְּרִיּעָה) בִּאַהַבָּה מִקְרָא קֹדֵשׁ. זֵבֶר לִיצִיאַת מִצְרַיִם:

אָלרוֹנוּ נְגִּתְבְּנוּ וְנִתְרַחַקְנּוּ וְנִתְרַחַקְנּוּ נְלִינוּ מֵאַרְצֵנוּ. וְנִתְרַחַקְנּוּ מְלִבִינוּ מְפְנֵיךּ וְמִין אֲנַחְנּוּ יְכוֹלִים לַעְשׁוֹת קְרְבְּנוֹת חוֹבוֹתֵינוּ לְפָנֶיךּ. יְהִי מֵעַל אַרְמְתֵנוּ. וְאֵלְחֵינוּ יְכוֹלִים לַעְשׁוֹת קְרְבְּנוֹת חוֹבוֹתֵינוּ לְפָנֶיךּ. יְהִי רְצוֹן מִלְּפְנֶיךּ יהוה אֱלֹחֵינוּ וֵאלֹחֵי הְבִּים. וְתִבְּנֵהוּ מְחֵרָה, וְהוֹפַע וְהִנְּשֵׂא אָבִינוּ, מֵלְבֵּנוּ, אֱלֹחֵינוּ, נַּלֵה בְּבוֹד מַלְכוּתְךְּ עָלֵינוּ מְחֵרָה, וְהוֹפַע וְהִנְּשֵׂא עְלֵינוּ לְעֵינֵי כְל חִי. וְקְרֵב בְּזוּרֵינוּ מִבֵּין הַגּוֹיִם. וּנְפוּצוֹתִינוּ כַּנֵּס מִיִּרְבְּתֵי עָלִינוּ לְצִינִי כְל חִי. וְקְרֵב בְּזוּרֵינוּ מִבֵּין הַגּוֹיִם. וּנְפוּצוֹתִינוּ כַּנֵּס מִיִּרְבְּתֵי אָלִינוּ יְתָרִי בְּנִילְּה, וְלִירוּשְׁלַיִם עִיר מִקְּדְשְׁךְ בְּעֹיִם וְמוֹלְכָתְם. אָנָא אֶלְהֵינוּ וְשִׁם נַעֲשֶׁה לְפָנֶיךּ אֶת מְרְבְּנוֹת חוֹבוֹתֵינוּ, וְשָׁם נַעֲשֶׁה לְפָנֶיךְ אֶת מִּלְרָב וֹם וּמוּסְפִים בְּהִלְכָתְם. אֶת מוּסְפֵּי יוֹם (בשבת:הַשָּבָת הַיָּשְׁה וְנִשְׁה וְבִּלְרִים וּמוּסְפִים בְּהִלְכָתְם. אֶת מוֹּסְפֵּי יוֹם (בשבת:הַשָּבָת הַנְיִבְי משׁה וְנַקְרִיב מְשָׁה בְּאָבְיִר בְּאַהְנָה בְּמִבְּרָת רְצוֹנְךְ. בְּמוֹ שֻׁבְּתִרְתְ עָלֵינוּ בְּתוֹרְתְרָּ. עַל יְדֵי משׁה עַבְּדִּי בְּמִבְּתְרִי בְּמִיךְ בְּמִירְ בְּאַבְּרָה בְּמִבְּתְרְ בְּמֹנִיךְ בְּמִוֹי בְּנִיךְ בְּמִיךְ בְּמִין בְּתִּבְּת רְצוֹנְךְ. בְּמוֹ שֶׁבְּרָת עְלִינוּ בְּתוֹרְתָךְ. עַל יְדִי משׁה עַבְּדְּבְי בְּמִבְּרָת רְצוֹנְת רְצוֹנְךְ. בְּמוֹ שִׁבְּתִיךְ בְּמִוֹים בְּבְּבְּבְיוֹי בְּמִים בְּיִבְּיִים בְּיִבְּים וּמִוּים בְּבְּיִים בְּנִים בְּבִּים בְּיִנִים בְּנִם בְּיִרְים בְּיִים בְּיִבּים בְּיִבְּיִּים בְּבִים בְּיִבּים בְּיִבּים בְּבִּים בְּבִּים בְּיִים בְּבְנִם בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִבּים בְּבִּים בְּיִים בְּיִבּים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִּים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּעִים בְּבְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִּים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיוֹים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּבְּעִים בְּיִים בְּיִים בְּבִּיבְּשִׁים בְּיִים בְּבְּיִים בְּבִּים בְּבִּיוֹי בְיוֹים בְּבְּים בְּיוֹם בְּיוֹים בְּיִים בְּיוֹשְיתְיוֹים בְּבְ

The theme of מלכיות is that Hashem is King and that He created the world.

- We are strengthening our *emunah* that Hashem created the world *ex nihilo* (something from nothing) and therefore has total control.
- Hashem's will is the only deciding factor in our lives.
- The first revelation of Hashem as Creator came with the ten מאמרות, statements, of Creation. Thus, we say ten פטוקים corresponding to the ten מאמרות.

You have chosen us from all the peoples; You loved us and found favor in us; You exalted us above all the tongues and You sanctified us with Your commandments. You drew us close, our King, to Your service and proclaimed Your great and Holy Name upon us. And You gave us, HASHEM, our God, with love [this day of Sabbath and], this Day of Remembrance, a day of [on the Sabbath: a recalling of] the sounding of the shofar with love, a holy convocation, a memorial of the Exodus from Egypt.

Our God and the God of our forefathers, But because of our sins we have been exiled from our land and sent far from our soil. We cannot perform our obligations in the House of Your choice, in the great and holy House upon which Your Name was proclaimed, because of the hand that was dispatched against Your Sanctuary. May it be Your will, HASHEM, our God and the God of our forefathers, O merciful King, that You once more be compassionate upon us and upon Your Sanctuary in Your abundant mercy, and rebuild it soon and magnify its glory. Our Father, our King, reveal the glory of Your Kingship upon us, speedily; appear and be uplifted over us before the eyes of all the living. Draw our scattered ones near from among the nations, and bring in our dispersions from the ends of the earth. Bring us to Zion, Your city, in glad song, and to Jerusalem, home of Your Sanctuary, in eternal joy. There we will perform before You our obligatory offerings, the continual offerings according to their order and the additional offerings according to their law. And the additional offerings of [this day of Sabbath and] this Day of Remembrance we will perform and bring near to You with love, according to the commandment of Your will, as You have written for us in Your Torah, through Moses, Your servant, from Your glorious expression, as it is said:

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לכינו לְשַבַּחַ לַאֲדוֹן הַכּּל. לְתֵת גְּדֻלָּה לְיוֹצֵר בְּרֵאשִׁית. שׁלֹא עְשְׂנוּ בְּגוֹיֵי הָאֲרָצוֹת וְלֹא שְׂמָנוּ בְּמִשְׁפְחוֹת הָאֲדָמָה. שֶׁלֹא שְׂם חֶלְקנוּ בְּהָם נְגוֹיֵי הָאֲרָצוֹת וְלֹא שְׂמָנוּ בְּמִשְׁפְחוֹת הָאֲדָמָה. שֶׁלֹא שְׂם חֶלְקנוּ בְּהָם וְגוֹרְלֵנוּ בְּכָל הָמוֹנְם לְפָנֵי מֶלֶךְ מַלְכֵי הַמְּלְכִים הַקְּדוֹשׁ בְּרוּךְ הוּא. יוֹשִׁיעַ. וַאֲנַחְנוּ מִשְׁתַּחֲוִים לְפָנֵי מֶלֶךְ מַלְכֵי הַמְּלְכִים הַקְּדוֹשׁ בְּרוּךְ הוּא. שֶׁמִים וְיוֹמֵד אָרֶץ. וּמוֹשֵׁב יְקְרוֹ בַּשְׁמֵיִם מִמַּעַל. וּשְׁכִינַת עֻזּוֹ בְּנְבְהֵי מְרוֹמִים. הוּא אֱלֹהֵינוּ וְאֵין עוֹד אַחֵר. אֱמֶת מַלְבֵּנוּ וְאֶפֶם זוּלְתוֹּ. בַּבְּתוֹיב בַּתוֹרָה:וְיָרַעְתָּ הַיּיֹם נִהֲשֵׁבֹרָ אֶל לְבֶּבֶךְ, בִּי יְהֹנְה הוּא הְאֵלֹהִים בִּשְּׁמִים מִמַּעַל וְעַל הָאָרֵץ מִתְּחַת, אֵין עוֹד:



was על כּן נקוה written by עכן (Achan) after he took from the spoils of Yericho and was going to die for this sin. He admitted his sins and merited a portion in the World to Come. The word נקוה means hope. We hope for the future when all evil will perish and God's Name will be revealed.

על בן נְקנָה לְךְ יְהֹנָה אֱלֹהֵינוּ לִרְאוֹת מְּהַרָּה בְּתִפְּאֶרֶת עִזְךְ לְהַעְבִיר גִּלּוּלִים מִן הָאֶלִילִים בְּרוֹת יִבְּרֵתוּן. לְתַקֵּן הָאֶלִילִים בְּרוֹת יִבְּרוּן. לְתַקֵּן עִוֹלֶם בְּמַלְכוּת שַׁדִּי. וְכָל בְּנֵי בְשִׁר יִקְרְאוּ בִּשְׁר וְיִבְעִי אָלִי, וְכָל בְּנֵי בְשִׁר יִקְרְאוּ בִּיּלוּ הָלְּה בָּל רִשְׁעֵי אָרֶץ. יִבְּירוּ וְיִבְעוּ בְּל יוֹשְׁבֵי תֵבֵל. בִּי לְךְ תִכְּרַע יִבִּיר וְתִבְּל לְשׁוֹן. לְפָנִיךְ יְהֹוָה בְּלְ הָשִׁין וְיִפְּלוּ, וְלִבְבוֹד שִׁמְךְ יְהֹוָה אֶלֹהֵינוּ יִכְרְעוּ וְיִפּלוּ, וְלִכְבוֹד שִׁמְךְ יְהִוּה וְתִבוּנוּ תִּבְלוּ כַלְם אֶת עוֹל מַלְכוּתָּך. בִּי וְתִמְלוֹךְ עֲלֵיהֶם מְהֵרָה לְעוֹלְם וְעֶד. בִּי הַמְלוֹךְ הִיא. וּלְעוֹלְמֵי עַד תִּמְלוֹךְ בַּבוֹד. בּבוֹד. בּבוֹד.

It is our duty to praise the Master of all, to ascribe greatness to the Molder of primeval creation, for He has not made us like the nations of the lands and has not emplaced us like the families of the earth; for He has not assigned our portion like theirs nor our lot like all their multitudes. For they bow to vanity and emptiness and pray to a god that helps not. But we bend our knees, bow, and acknowledge our thanks before the King Who reigns over kings, the Holy One, Blessed is He. He stretches out heaven and establishes earth's foundation, the seat of His homage is in the heavens above and His powerful Presence is in the loftiest heights. He is our God and there is none other. True is our King, there is nothing besides Him, as it is written in His Torah: "You are to know this day and take to your heart that HASHEM is the only God — in heaven above and on the earth below — there is none other."



Therefore we put our hope in You, HASHEM, our God, that we may soon see Your mighty splendor, to remove detestable idolatry from the earth, and false gods will be utterly cut off, to perfect the universe through the Almighty's sovereignty. Then all humanity will call upon Your Name, to turn all the earth's wicked toward You. All the world's inhabitants will recognize and know that to You every knee should bend, every tongue should swear. Before You, HASHEM, our God, they will bend every knee and cast themselves down and to the glory of Your Name they will render homage, and they will all accept upon themselves the voke of Your kingship that You may reign over them soon and eternally. For the kingdom is Yours and You will reign for all eternity in glory.

כן נקוה על written by עכן (Achan) after he took from the spoils of Yericho and was going to die for this sin. He admitted his sins and merited a portion in the World to Come. The word נקוה means hope. We hope for the future when all evil will perish and God's Name will be revealed.

We now say 10 pesukim with the word "melech" in it.

This pasuk was said by the Jewish people after they crossed the Yam Suf and the water crashed down on the Egyptians. The Jews saw God's kingship and total control over nature. We too should imagine that event and gain that clarity.

This pasuk was said by Bilam when he sought to curse the Jewish people and ended up blessing them. He notes מֶלֶהּ בּוֹ״ the friendship of the king is upon them.

This *pasuk* was said by Moshe Rabenu when he blessed the Jewish people before his death.

The Jewish people are referred to as Yeshurun. In order for Hashem to be called the King over the Jewish people, בְּהִתְאַמֵּף רָאשֵׁי עָם, we have to be gathered and united as a people.

arah verses: 🥞

בַּבְתוּב בְתוֹרָתְך:

1) יְהֹוָה יִמְלֹךְ לְעֹלָם וָעֶד

ונאמר:

לא הביט אָוֶן בּיַעֲקֹב וְלֹא רָאָה עָמָל בִּישְׁרָאֵל, יְהֹוְה עָמָל בִּישְׁרָאֵל, יְהֹוְה אֶלֹהִיו עִמּוֹ וּתְרוּעַת מֵלֶךְ בּוֹ:

ּוֹנֶאֱמַר:

נְיְהִי בִּישָׁרוּן מֶלֶּדְ, בְּהָתְאַפֵּף רָאשֵׁי עָם, יַחַד שִׁבְטֵי יִשְׁרָאֵל: יַחַד שִׁבְטֵי יִשְׁרָאֵל:



As it is written in Your Torah:

1) HASHEM shall reign for all eternity.

We now say 10 pesukim with the word "king" in it.

This pasuk was said by the Jewish people after they crossed the Yam Suf and the water crashed down on the Egyptians. The Jews saw God's kingship and total control over nature. We too should imagine that event and gain that clarity.

And it is said:

2) He gazes at no iniquity in Jacob and sees no evil schemes in Israel; HASHEM his God is with him, and the affection of the King is in him.

This pasuk was said by Bilam when he sought to curse the Jewish people and ended up blessing them. He notes מֶלֶרּ בּוֹ״ the friendship of the king is upon them.

And it is said:

3) And He became King in Jeshurun when the leaders of the people assembled, the tribes of Israel together.

This *pasuk* was said by Moshe Rabenu when he blessed the Jewish people before his death.

The Jewish people are referred to as Yeshurun. In order for Hashem to be called the King over the Jewish people, בְּהִתְאַפֵּף רָאשֵׁי עָם, we have to be gathered and united as a people.

🗦 Ketuvim 🥞

Hashem is a מלך (willingly accepted as King) by the Jewish people and a מושל (forced ruler) by the nations of the world. When the Mashiach comes, Hashem will be a מלך. The king over all the land. In the future, even the nations of the world will accept Hashem's dominion willingly.

This pasuk was said by Adam on the first day of Creation. Hashem, You are the King and You wear a coat of אאות (grandeur). We are saying that only You, Hashem, can take credit for something because it is truly You Who makes everything happen. We cannot take credit for anything because any success we have is Your doing.

This pasuk was said by Shelomo Ha'melech. The Jewish people wanted to bring the Aron into the Bet Ha'mikdash and the gates would not open. Shelomo prayed and said "Open up the gates and let the King in." Similarly, Hashem is knocking on the gates of our hearts and asking us to let Him in.

וּבְרַבְרֵי קִדְשְׁךְ בְּתוּב לֵאמֹר:

4) כִּי לַיהֹוָה הַמְּלוּכְה,ומשל בַּגוֹיִם:

נאמר:

יהוָה מְלְּךְ גֵּאוּת לָבֵשׁ יְהוָה לָבֵשׁ יְהוְה עז הִתְאַזְר, אַף תִּכּוֹן תבל בל תמוט:

ָנְאֱמַר:

שְׁאוּ שְׁעָרִים רָאשֵׁיכֶּם וְהִנְּשְׁאוּ פָּתְחֵי עוֹלָם, וְיִבוֹא מֶלֶךְ הַכְּבוֹד:מִי זֶה מֶלֶךְ הַכְּבוֹד, יְהֹוָה עזוז וְגִבוֹר, יְהֹוָה גִבוֹר מִלְחָמָה: שְׁאוּ שִׁערִים ראשיכם שערים ראשיכם

🐉 Ketuvim 🥞

And in Your Holy Writings the following is written:

4) For the sovereignty is HASHEM's and He rules over nations.

And it is said:

5) HASHEM will have reigned, He will have donned grandeur; HASHEM will have donned might and girded Himself; even firmed the world that it should not falter.

And it is said:

6) Raise up your heads, O gates, and be uplifted, you everlasting entrances, so that the King of Glory may enter. Who is this King of Glory? — HASHEM, the

Hashem is a מלך (willingly accepted as King) by the Jewish people and a מושל (forced ruler) by the nations of the world. When the Mashiach comes, Hashem will be a מלך. The king over all the land. In the future, even the nations of the world will accept Hashem's dominion willingly.

This pasuk was said by Adam on the first day of Creation. Hashem, You are the King and You wear a coat of אאות (grandeur). We are saying that only You, Hashem, can take credit for something because it is truly You Who makes everything happen. We cannot take credit for anything because any success we have is Your doing.

This pasuk was said by Shelomo Ha'melech. The Jewish people wanted to bring the Aron into the Bet Ha'mikdash and the gates would not open. Shelomo prayed and said "Open up the gates and let the King in." Similarly, Hashem is knocking on the gates of our hearts and asking us to let Him in.



ושאו פתחי עולם, ויבא מלד הכבוד:מי הוא זֶה מֶכֶּדְ הַכָּבוֹד, יְהֹוֶה צְבָאוֹת, הוּא מֵכֶּדְ הַכַּבוֹד מַלַה:



This pasuk was said by the prophet Yeshaya. Hashem was here before everything began and will be here after everything ceases to exist, and in the interim although we see a world, in truth besides Hashem there is nothing.

וְעֵל יְבֵי עֲבָבֶיףְ הַנְּבִיאִים בָּתוּב לאמר

7) כה אָמַר יְהֹוָה מֶלֶּךְ ישְרָאֵל וְגֹאֲלוֹ יְהֹוָה צָבָאוֹת, אֲנִי רָאשוֹן וַאָנִי אַחֲרוֹן וּמִבַּלְעָדִי אין אַלהים:

ונאמר:

אן ועלו מושיעים בּהַר (8 ציון לשפט אֶת הַר עשו, וְהָיְתָה לַיהֹוָה הַמְּלוּכָה:

In the future we will be redeemed and return to Zion, the wicked will be judged and all the world will accept Hashem's kingship.

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mighty and strong, HASHEM, the strong in battle. Raise up your heads, O gates, and raise up, you everlasting entrances, so that the King of Glory may enter. Who then is the King of Glory? HASHEM, Master of Legions, He is the King of Glory, Selah!



And through Your servants, the Prophets, the following is written:

7) So said HASHEM, the King of Israel and its Redeemer; HASHEM of Legions: "I am the first and I am the last and aside from Me there is no other god."

This pasuk was said by the prophet Yeshaya. Hashem was here before everything began and will be here after everything ceases to exist, and in the interim although we see a world, in truth besides Hashem there is nothing.

And it is said:

8) The saviors will ascend Mount Zion to judge Esau's mountain and the kingdom will be HASHEM's.

In the future we will be redeemed and return to Zion, the wicked will be judged and all the world will accept Hashem's kingship.



ּוֹנֶאֱמֶר:

In the future, when the Mashiach comes, everyone will accept Hashem willingly. In the future, Hashem's Name will be one. We will see that even Hashem's judgement is mercy. We no longer will see things as good and bad. We will recognize that everything is good.





This is the final pasuk discussing Hashem as King. The word king is not mentioned; יהוֹה is synonymous with Hashem being King. Because the concept of Shema is the ultimate acceptance of Hashem's kingship. We proclaim that Hashem is the only King and there is no power besides Him. We accept upon ourselves individually the yoke of Hashem's kingship. Say this with great kavanah and concentration.

וֹבְתוֹרְתְדְ יְהֹוָה אֱלֹהֵינוּ כְּתוֹב לַאמֹר:

10) שְׁמַע יִשְׂרָאֵל, יְהֹוָה אֱלֹהֵינוּ יְהֹוָה אֶחָד:



And it is said:

9) Then HASHEM will be King over all the world, on that day HASHEM will be One and His Name will be One. In the future, when the Mashiach comes, everyone will accept Hashem willingly. In the future, Hashem's Name will be one. We will see that even Hashem's judgement is mercy. We no longer will see things as good and bad. We will recognize that everything is good.



And in Your Torah it is written as follows:

10) Hear, O Israel: HASHEM is our God, HASHEM, the One and Only. This is the final pasuk discussing Hashem as King. The word king is not mentioned; יהוה is synonymous Hashem being King. Because the concept of Shema is the ultimate acceptance Hashem's kingship. We proclaim that Hashem is the only King and there is no power besides Him. We accept upon ourselves individually the yoke of Hashem's kingship. Say this with great kavanah and concentration.

אָלהינוּ בּלְהַינוּ. מְלוֹךְ עַל כָּל הָעוֹלָם כָּלוֹ בּּכְבוֹדְךְ. וְהוֹפַע בַּהַבַר גְּאוֹן עָזְךְ. עַל כָּל וְהִנְּשֵׂא עַל כָּל הָאָרֶץ בִּיקֶרְךְ. וְהוֹפַע בַּהַבַר גְּאוֹן עָזְךְ. עַל כָּל יוֹשְׁבֵי תַבֵּל אַרְצָךְ. וְיֵדַע כָּל פָּעוּל כִּי אַתָּה פְּעַלְתוֹ. וְיָבִין כָּל יְצוּר כִּי אַתָּה יְצַרְתוֹ. וְיֹאמֵר כָּל אֲשֶׁר נְשָׁמָה בְאַפּוֹ: יְהֹוָה אֵלֹהֵי יִשְּׂרָאֵל מַלָּךְ. וּמַלְכוּתוֹ בַכֹּל מַשְׁלָה:

קַדְשֵׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתֶיךָ, תֵּן חֶלְמֵנוּ בְּתוֹרָתָךְ, שַׂבְּעֵנוּ מִפּוּבְךָּ. שַׂמֵּחַ נַפְשֵׁנוּ בִּישׁוּעָתָךְ. וְטַהֵר לִבֵּנוּ לְעָבְדְּךְ בֶּאֱמֶת. כִּי אַתָּה יְהֹוָה אֱלֹהִים אֱמֶת, וּדְבָרְךְ מַלְבֵּנוּ אֱמֶת וְקַיָם לְעַד. בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְהֹוָה מֶלֶךְ עַל כָּל הָאָרֶץ, מְקַבִּשׁ יִשְׂרָאֵל וְיוֹם הַוִּבְּרוֹן:

Shofar is sounded

If you are behind, in the prayer, listen quietly and then continue from where you are up to.

תקיעה שברים תרועה תקיעה תקיעה שברים תקיעה תקיעה תרועה תקיעה

The world was created on the 25th of Elul. On the 6th day of creation, which was the first of Tishrey (Rosh Hashana), Hashem created man. Since the creation of man is the purpose of the world's existence, today is the anniversary of the day the purpose of the world came into existence.

הַיּוֹם הַרַת עוֹלְם, הַיּוֹם יַעֲמִיד בְּמִשְׁפְּט, כָּל יְצוּרֵי עוֹלְם, אִם יַעֲמִיד בְּמִשְׁפְט, כָּל יְצוּרֵי עוֹלְם, אִם כְּבָנִים אָם כַּעֲלְבִים רַחֲמֵנוּ בְּעַרָחֵם אָב עַל בָּנִים הַחֲמֵנוּ כַּעְל בָּנִים. אִם כַּעְל בָּנִים. אִם כַּעְלְבִים עִינִינוּ לְךְ תְלוּיוֹת, עַד שֶׁתְּחָנֵנוּ וְתוֹצִיא לְאוֹר מִשְׁפְּמֵנוּ, קְדוֹש: מִשְׁפְּמֵנוּ, קְדוֹש:

Our God and the God of our forefathers, reign over the entire universe in Your glory; be exalted over all the world in Your splendor, reveal Yourself in the majestic grandeur of Your strength over all the dwellers of Your inhabited world. Let everything that has been made know that You are its Maker, let everything that has been molded understand that You are its Molder, and let everything with a life's breath in its nostrils proclaim: "HASHEM, the God of Israel, is King, and His Kingship rules over everything."

Sanctify us with Your commandments and grant us our share in Your Torah; satisfy us from Your goodness and gladden us with Your salvation. And purify our heart to serve You sincerely. For You are the true God, and Your word is true and endures forever. Blessed are You, HASHEM, King over all the world, Who sanctifies Israel and the Day of Remembrance.

Shofar is sounded

If you are behind, in the prayer, listen quietly and then continue from where you are up to.

תקיעה שברים תרועה תקיעה תקיעה שברים תקיעה תקיעה תרועה תקיעה

Today is the birth[day] of the world. Today all creatures of the world stand in judgment — whether as children [of God] or as servants. If as children, be merciful with us as the mercy of a father for children. If as servants, our eyes [look toward and] depend upon You, until You will be gracious to us and release our verdict [clear and pure] as light, O Awesome and Holy One.

The world was created on the 25th of Elul. On the 6th day of creation, which was the first of Tishrey (Rosh Hashana), Hashem created man. Since the creation of man is the purpose of the world's existence, today is the anniversary of the day the purpose of the world came into existence.



The theme of זכרונות is reward and punishment.

- We are strengthening our *emunah* that Hashem not only created the world but also runs it on a day-to-day basis.
- Hashem remembers our actions and the actions of our forefathers and as a result, He rewards and punishes.
- The greatest revelation of reward and punishment is the ten makot, when Hashem showed His hand openly. Thus, we say ten פסוקים corresponding to the ten plagues.

אַתָּה זוֹכֵר מַעֲשֵׂה עוֹלֶם. וּפּוֹקֵד כְּל יְצוּרֵי קֶדֶם. לְפָנֶיךְּ נִּלְוֹ כָּל תַּעְלוּמוֹת וַהָמוֹן נִסְתָּרוֹת שֻׁמִּבְּרֵאשִׁית. כִּי אֵין שִׁכְחָה לִפְּנֵי כִפֵּא כְבוֹדֶךְ. וְאֵין נִסְתָּר מִנָּגֶד עֵינֶיךְ. אֵין שִׁכְחָה לִפְנֵי כָפֵּא כְבוֹדֶךְ. וְאֵין נִסְתָּר מִנָּגֶד עֵינֶיךְ. אַתְּ כָּל הַמִּפְעְל. וְגַם כָּל הַיְצוּר לֹא נִכְחַד מִשֶּׁך. הַכּל גָּלוּי וְצָפוּי לְפָנֶיךְ יְחֹנָה אֱלֹהֵינוּ. צוֹפֶה וֹמַבְּים עַד סוֹף כָּל הַהוֹרוֹת. כִּי תָבִיא חֹק וְזִבְּרוֹן לְהפָּקֵד לְבִּל רוּחַ וְנֶבֶשׁי לְבִּר מַעְשִׁים רַבִּים וַהְמוֹן נִסְתְּרוֹת לְצִין תַּבְלִית. מַרְשִׁים מִעְשִׁיך. וֹבְּרוֹן לְיוֹם רָאשׁוֹן. כִּי הַלְיִתְּ, זֶה הַיִּוֹם רְאִשׁוֹן. כִּי חֹק לִיִשְׁרָאֵל הוּא, מִשְׁפַּם לֵאלֹהֵי יַעִקֹב:



The theme of זכרונות is reward and punishment.

- We are strengthening our *emunah* that Hashem not only created the world but also runs it on a day-to-day basis.
- Hashem remembers our actions and the actions of our forefathers and as a result, He rewards and punishes.
- The greatest revelation of reward and punishment is the ten makot, when Hashem showed His hand openly. Thus, we say ten פסוקים corresponding to the ten plagues.

You remember the deeds done in the universe and You recall all the creatures fashioned since earliest times. Before You all hidden things are revealed and the multitude of mysteries since the beginning of Creation, for there is no forgetfulness before Your Throne of Glory and nothing is hidden from before Your eyes. You remember everything ever done and not a single creature is hidden from You. Everything is revealed and known before You, HASHEM, our God, Who keeps watch and sees to the very end of all generations, when You bring about a decreed time of remembrance for every spirit and soul to be recalled, for abundant deeds and a multitude of creatures without limit to be remembered. You made this known from the beginning of Creation and You revealed it from earliest times. This day is the anniversary of the start of Your handiwork, a remembrance of the first day. For it is a decree for Israel, a judgment day for the God of Jacob.

The next few lines should elicit awe inside us. We acknowledge that today it is being decided for every nation if there will be war, prosperity, etc.

ּוְעֵל הַמְּדִינוֹת בּוֹ יֵאָמֵר. אֵי זוֹ לְחֶרֶב. אֵי זוֹ לְשָׁלוֹם. אֵי זוֹ לְרָעָב. אֵי זוֹ לְשָׂבָע. וּבְרִיּוֹת בּוֹ יִפְּקֵדוּ. לְהַוְּכִּירָם לְחַיִּים וְלַמְּנֶת. מִי לֹא נִפְקַד כְּהַיּוֹם הַזֶּה. כִּי זֵכֶר כָּל הַמַּעֲשִׁים לְפָנֶיךְ בָּא. מַעֲשֵׂה אִישׁ וּפְּקָדְּתוֹ. וַעְלִילוֹת מִצְעֲדֵי נָכֶר.

מַחְשָׁבוֹת אָדָם וְתַחְבּוּלוֹתָיוּ. וְיִצְבֵי מַעַלְלֵי אִישׁ. אַשְׁבֵי אִישׁ שָׁלֹא יִשְּבָּחֶךְ, וּכֶּן אָדָם יִתְאַמֵּץ בָּךְּ. כִּי דוֹרְשֶׁיךְּ לְעוֹלָם לֹא יִבְּשׁלוּ. וְלֹא תַכְלִים לָנָצַח כָּל הַחוֹסִים בָּךְ. כִּי זֵכֶר כָּל הַיִּצוּר לְפָנֶיךְ בָּא. וְאַתָּה דוֹבִשׁ מַעְשֵׂה כָלְם. וְגַם אֶת נֹחַ בְּאַהֲבָה זְכַרְתָּ וַתִּפְּקְבֵהוּ בִּּדְבַר יְשׁוּעָה וְרַחֲמִים. עַל בֵּן זִכְרוֹנוֹ בָּא לְפָנֶיךְ יְהוֹנְה אֵלֹהֵינוּ. לְהַרְבּוֹת זַרְעוֹ בָּעַפְרוֹת תֵּבֵל וִצְאֵצָּאַיוֹ בְּחוֹל הַיָּם,



We now say 10 pesukim with the word "Zecher"in it.

Hashem remembered that Noah fed the animals, and He stopped the waters of the great Flood.

The lesson for us is that, Hashem remembers when we do kindness and therefore He has mercy on us. בַּבָּתוּב בְּתוֹרָתְך:

1) וַיִּזְכּר אֱלֹהִים אֶת נֹחַ וְאֵת כָּל הַחַיָּה וְאֶת כְּל הַבְּהֵמָה אֲשֶׁר אִתּוֹ בַּתִּבָה, וַיַּעֲבֵר אֱלֹהִים רוּחַ עַל הָאָרֶץ וַיְּשׁכּוּ הַמַּיִם: הַמַּיִם: Regarding countries, it is said on this day which is destined for the sword and which for peace, which for hunger and which for abundance; and creatures are recalled on it to remember them for life or death. Who is not recalled on this day? For then the remembrance of everything fashioned comes before You: everyone's deed and mission, the accomplishments of man's activity, man's thoughts and schemes, and the motives behind man's deeds. Praiseworthy is the man who does not forget You, the human being who takes strength in You, for those who seek You will never stumble nor will those who take refuge in You ever be humiliated.

For the remembrance of all Your works comes before You and You analyze the deeds of them all. Moreover, You lovingly remembered Noah and You recalled him with words of salvation and mercy. Consequently his remembrance comes before You, HASHEM, our God, to make his offspring as abundant as the dust of the world and his descendants as the sand by the sea.



As it is written in Your Torah:

Noah and all the beasts and all the cattle that were with him in the ark, and God caused a spirit to pass over the earth and the water subsided.

We now say 10 pesukim with the word "remember" in it.

Hashem remembered that Noah fed the animals, and He stopped the waters of the great Flood.

The lesson for us is that, Hashem remembers when we do kindness and therefore He has mercy on us.

a Torah

ּוֹנֶאֱמַר:

Hashem heard the groans of the Jewish people and He remembered His covenant with our patriarchs. The lesson for us is that Hashem always remembers us but His memory is activated by our calling out to Him. וִיִּשְׁמֵע אֱלֹהִים (2) אָת נַאֲקָתָם, וַיִּזְכּּר אֶת נַאֲקָתָם, וַיִּזְכּּר אֱלֹהִים אֶת בְּרִיתוֹ אֶתאַבְרָהָם אֶתיִצְהָק וְאֶתיַצְקב

וָנֶאֱמַר:

Hashem heard the cries of the Benei Israel from the oppression of the Egyptians and He remembered the covenant. The lesson for us is that the oppression of the nations causes Hashem to remember us and redeem us. נְאֲכַת אֲנִי שָׁמַעְתִּי אֶת נַאֲכַת בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל אֲשֶׁר מִצְרַיִם מַעֲבִדִּים אֹתָם, וָאֶזְכּר אֶת בִּרִיתִי



Hashem established the Shabbat and Holidays so we could be reminded of the great miracles and kindnesses Hashem did for us. Also , when we remember the miracles, it is a merit for miracles to happen to us today, as well.

וּכְּרַבְּרֵי קְרְשְׁךְּ בָּתוּב לֵאמר: 4) זֵכֶר עֲשָׁה לְנִפְּלְאֹתִיו, חַנּוּך וְרַחוּם יְהֹוָה :



And it is said:

 God heard their groaning, and God remembered His covenant with Abraham, with Isaac, and with Jacob. Hashem heard the groans of the Jewish people and He remembered His covenant with our patriarchs. The lesson for us is that Hashem always remembers us but His memory is activated by our calling out to Him.

And it is said:

3) Also have I heard the cries of the Children of Israel, whom Egypt is compelling to slave, and I remembered my covenant.

Hashem heard the cries of the Benei Israel from the oppression of the Egyptians and He remembered the covenant. The lesson for us is that the oppression of the nations causes Hashem to remember us and redeem us.



And in Your Holy Writings the following is written:

 He made a memorial for His wonders; compassionate and merciful is Hashem. Hashem established the Shabbat and Holidays so we could be reminded of the great miracles and kindnesses Hashem did for us. Also , when we remember the miracles, it is a merit for miracles to happen to us today, as well.



ונאמר:

קיף means sustenance. Hashem provided sustenance (through the manna) to those who feared Him in the desert, because He remembers forever the covenant He made with Abraham to bring his descendants to the land of Israel. The lesson for us is that today, as well, Hashem provides for us in a miraculous way.

Hashem had mercy on the Benei Israel. Hashem changed His mind for the good based on His kindness (and not based on our deeds). טֶרֶף נְתַן לִירֵאָיו, (5) יִזְכּר לְעוֹלְם בְּרִיתוֹ:

וָנֶאֱמַר:

6) וַיִּזְכֹּר לָהֶם בְּרִיתוֹ, וַיִּנָּחֶם כִּרֹב חֵסָדֵיו:



Hashem says He remembered when we first got married and how we trusted Him going into the desert upon His command even though we didn't know where our food or shelter would come from. This special time is called, אַהַבת כְּלוּלֹתְיִנְ

It is the love of a newly married couple. When we follow Hashem and trust in Him it arouses the love of those days.

וְצֵל וְדֵי עֲבָדֶיף הַנְּבִיאִים בְּתוּב לֵאמר:

יְרוּשָׁלֵים לֵאמְר בְּאִזְנֵי יְרוּשָׁלַיִם לֵאמֹר כָּה אָמַר יְהֹוָה זְכַרְתִּי לָךְ הֶּסֶד נְעוּרִיְךְ אַהְבַת בְּלוּלֹתִיךְ, לֶכְתֵּךְ אַחֲרֵי בַּמִּדְבָּר בְּאֶרֶץ לֹא זְרוּעַה:

🐉 Ketuvim 🥞

And it is said:

5) He provided food for those who fear Him, He eternally remembers His covenant.

And it is said:

6) He remembered His covenant for them and relented, in accordance with His abundant kindness.

קיֶּף means sustenance. Hashem provided sustenance (through the manna) to those who feared Him in the desert, because He remembers forever the covenant He made with Abraham to bring his descendants to the land of Israel. The lesson for us is that today, as well, Hashem provides for us in a miraculous way.

Hashem had mercy on the Benei Israel. Hashem changed His mind for the good based on His kindness (and not based on our deeds).



And through Your servants, the Prophets, the following is written:

7) Go and proclaim in the ears of Jerusalem, saying: "So said HASHEM: I remember for your sake the kindness of your youth, the love of your bridal days, how you followed Me in the Wilderness in an unsown land."

Hashem says He remembered when we first got married and how we trusted Him going into the desert upon His command even though we didn't know where our food or shelter would come from. This special time is called, אַהַבת כְּלוּלֹתְיִנְ

It is the love of a newly married couple. When we follow Hashem and trust in Him it arouses the love of those days.

We are hoping for the times of בְּרִית עוֹלָם, when Hashem's covenant will last forever. We are hoping for those great days.

Hashem's love for us is like the love a father has for his special son. Just the mention of his name causes his innermost feelings to be aroused. We are that special son to Hashem.

וְזָכַרְתִּי אֲנִי אֶת בְּרִיתִי אותה בימי נעוריה, וַהֲקִימוֹתִי לֶךְ בְּרִית עוֹלָם:

ּוֹנֶאֱמַר:

9) הֲבֵן יַקִיר לִי אֶפְרַיִם אָם יֵכֶד שַׁעֲשוּעִים כִּי מָדֵי דַבְּרִי בּוֹ זְכֹר אָזְכְּרֶנוּ עוֹד, עַל כֵּן הָמוּ מֵעַי לוֹ רַחֵם אַרַחֲמֶנוּ נְאָם יְהֹוָה:

אָלֹהֵינוּ נִאלהֵי אֲבוֹתִינוּ, יַעֲלֶה וְיָבֹא וְיַגִּיעַ וְיֵרָאֶה וְיֵרָאֶה וְיֵרָאֶה וְיִשְׁמַע וְיִפָּקַד וְיִזְכֵר זִכְרוֹנֵנוּ וְזִכְרוֹן אֲבוֹתִינוּ. זִכְרוֹן יְרוּשְׁלַיִם עִירָךְ. וְזִכְרוֹן מָשִׁיחַ בֶּן דָוִד עַבְדָּךְ. וְזִכְרוֹן כָּל עַמְּךְ בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל לְפָנֵיךְ לִפְלֵיטָה לְטוֹבָה. לְחֵן לְחֶסֶר וּלְרַחֲמִים. לְחַיִים טוֹבִים וּלְשָׁלוֹם. בְּיוֹם (בשבת: הַשַּבָּת הַזֶּה. וּבְיוֹם) הַזִּכָּרוֹן הַזֶּה. בְּיוֹם טוֹב מִקְרָא קֹבֶשׁ הַזֶּה. לְרַחֵם בּוֹ עָלֵינוּ וּלְהוֹשִׁיעֵנוּ. זְכְרֵנוּ יְהֹוָה אֱלֹהֵינוּ בּוֹ לְטוֹבָה. וּפָקְדֵנוּ בוֹ לִבְרָכָה. וְהוֹשִׁיעֵנוּ בוֹ לְחַיִים טוֹבִים. בִּדְבַר יְשׁוּעֶה וְרַחֲמִים. חוּס וְחָנֵנוּ וַחֲמוֹל וְרַחֵם עֶלֵינוּ. יְהוֹשִׁיעֵנוּ כִּי אֵלֶיךָ עֵינֵינוּ. כִּי אֵל מֶלֶךְ חַנּוּן וְרַחוּם אָתָה:



And it is said:

8) But I will remember My covenant with you of the days of your youth, and I will establish for you an everlasting covenant.

We are hoping for the times of בְּרִית עוֹלְם, when Hashem's covenant will last forever. We are hoping for those great days.

And it is said:

9) Is Ephraim My most precious son or a delightful child, that whenever I speak of him I remember him more and more? Therefore, My inner self yearns for him, I will surely take pity on him — these are the words of HASHEM.

Hashem's love for us is like the love a father has for his special son. Just the mention of his name causes his innermost feelings to be aroused. We are that special son to Hashem.

Our God and God of our fathers, May there ascend, and come, reach, appear, and be desired, be heard, counted and recalled, our remembrance and the remembrance of our fathers; the remembrance of Yerushalayim, Your city; the remembrance of the Mashiach, son of David, Your servant; and the remembrance of Your entire people, the House of Yisrael, before You, for survival, for well-being, for favor, kindliness and compassion, for good life and peace, [on this Shabbat day, and] on this day of remembrance, on this festival day of holy assembly to have compassion for us and deliver us. Remember us Adonay, our God, on this day for well-being; be mindful of us on this day for blessing, and deliver us for good life. In accord with the promise of deliverance and compassion, spare us and favor us, have mercy and compassion on us and deliver us; for to You our eyes are directed, because You are the Almighty King, Gracious and Merciful.



* Note The final pasuk of זכרונות is in the end of the upcoming beracha. *

בָּאָמוּר:

We discuss how Hashem will take us out of this exile just as He took us out of Mitsrayim. Even though it doesn't seem possible or likely, it wasn't very likely then either, but Hashem redeemed us!

וְזְכַרְתִּי לְהֶם בְּרִית רְאשׁנִים, אֲשֶׁר הוֹצֵאתִי אֹתָם מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרַיִם לְעֵינֵי הַגּוֹיִם לִהְיוֹת לְהֶם לֵאלֹהִים אֲנִי יְהֹוָה:

Hashem sees everything. He remembers all our actions.

כָּל זוֹבֶר בָּל הַנִּשְׁבָּחוֹת אָתָה. וְאֵין שִׁכְחָה לִפְנֵי כִפֵּא כְבוֹדֶךְ. וַעֲקֵדַת יִצְחָק הַיּוֹם לְזַרְעוֹ תִּזְכֹּר. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יִהֹנָה , זוֹבֵר הַבִּרִית:



* Note The final pasuk of זכרונות is in the end of the upcoming beracha. *

Our God and the God of our forefathers, remember us with a favorable remembrance before You, recall us with a recollection of salvation and mercy from the primeval, loftiest heavens. Remember for us, HASHEM, our God, the covenant, the kindness, and the oath that You swore to our father Abraham on Mount Moriah.

Let there appear before You the Akeidah when Abraham, our father, bound Isaac, his son, upon the altar and he suppressed his mercy to do Your will wholeheartedly. So may Your mercy suppress Your anger from upon us, and in Your great good may Your burning anger withdraw from Your people, from Your city, and from Your heritage. Fulfill for us, HASHEM, our God, the matter that You promised us in Your Torah, through Moses, Your servant, from Your glorious expression,

as it is said:

10) And I shall remember for them the covenant of the early ones, whom I have taken out of the land of Egypt before the eyes of the nations, to be their God; I am HASHEM.

take us out of this exile just as He took us out of Mitsrayim. Even though it doesn't seem possible or likely, it wasn't very likely then either, but Hashem redeemed us!

We discuss how Hashem will

For it is You Who eternally remembers all forgotten things, and there is no forgetfulness before Your Throne of Glory, and may You mercifully remember today the Akeidah of Isaac for the sake of his offspring. Blessed are You, HASHEM,

Hashem sees everything. He remembers all our actions.

Who remembers the covenant.

ראש השנה | 42

Shofar is sounded

תקיעה שברים תרועה תקיעה תקיעה שברים תקיעה תקיעה תרועה תקיעה

The world was created on the 25th of Elul. On the 6th day of creation, which was the first of Tishrey (Rosh Hashana), Hashem created man. Since the creation of man is the purpose of the world's existence, today is the anniversary of the day the purpose of the world came into existence.

הַיּוֹם הַרַת עוֹלָם, הַיּוֹם יַצְמִיד בְּמִשְׁפָּט, כָּל יְצוּרֵי עוֹלָם, אָם יַצְמִיד בְּמִשְׁפָּט, כָּל יְצוּרֵי עוֹלָם, אָם כְּבָנִים אָם כַּעְבִים רַחֲמֵנוּ כְּעָב בְּנִים רַחֲמֵנוּ כְּרָחֵם אָב עַל בְּנִים. אָם כַּעְבָרִים אָב עַל בְּנִים. אָם כַּעְבָרִים אָב עַל בְּנִים. אָם כַּעְבָרִים עִינִינוּ לְךְּ תְלוּיוֹת, עַד שֶׁתְּחָנֵנוּ וְתוֹצִיא לְאוֹר מִשְׁבָּטֵנוּ, קַדוֹש:



The theme of שופרות is that Torah is divine

- We are strengthening our *emunah* not only that Hashem created the world, but also that He gave us the Torah as a rule book and instructed us how to act.
- The greatest revelation of this was the giving of Torah at Sinai. Thus, we say ten פסוקים corresponding to the ten commandments we heard at Sinai.

Within the ten פסוקים of Shofarot:

- Three פסוקים mention the shofar that was blown at Har Sinai.
- Three פסוקים mention our shofar of Rosh HaShanah.
- Three פסוקים mention the shofar that will blast at the time of the mashiach.

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Shofar is sounded

תקיעה שברים תרועה תקיעה תקיעה שברים תקיעה תקיעה תרועה תקיעה

Today is the birth[day] of the world. Today all creatures of the world stand in judgment — whether as children [of God] or as servants. If as children, be merciful with us as the mercy of a father for children. If as servants, our eyes [look toward and] depend upon You, until You will be gracious to us and release our verdict [clear and pure] as light, O Awesome and Holy One.

The world was created on the 25th of Elul. On the 6th day of creation, which was the first of Tishrey (Rosh Hashana), Hashem created man. Since the creation of man is the purpose of the world's existence, today is the anniversary of the day the purpose of the world came into existence.

מוסף



The theme of שופרות is that Torah is divine

- We are strengthening our *emunah* not only that Hashem created the world, but also that He gave us the Torah as a rule book and instructed us how to act.
- The greatest revelation of this was the giving of Torah at Sinai. Thus, we say ten פסוקים corresponding to the ten commandments we heard at Sinai.

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- Three פסוקים mention our shofar of Rosh HaShanah.
- Three פסוקים mention the shofar that will blast at the time of the mashiach.

אַתָּה נְגְלֵיתְ בַּעֲנַן כְּבוֹדֶךְ. עַל עַם קְרְשְׁךְ לְרַבֵּר עַפְּהָם. מִן הַשְּׁמֵים הִשְּׁמַעְתָּם קוֹלֶךְ. וְנִגְלֵיתְ עֲלֵיהֶם בְּעַרְפְּלֵי מֹהַר. וְגַם כְּל הְעוֹלֶם כָּלוֹ חָל מִלְפָּנֶיךְ. וּבְרִיּוֹת בְּעַרְפְּלֵי מֹהַר. וְגַם כָּל הְעוֹלְם כָּלוֹ חָל מִלְפָּנֶיךְ. וּבְרִיּוֹת בְּרִאשִׁית חָרְדוּ מִפֶּוֶךְ. בְּהִנְּלוֹתְךְ מֵלְבֵּנוּ עַל הַר סִינִי. לְלַפֵּד לְעַפְּךְ תּוֹרָה וּמִצְוֹת. וַתִּשְׁמִיעֵם אֶת הוֹד קוֹלֶךְ. וְּבְּרוֹת בְּלְיִם עֲלֵיהֶם וְנְלִיהָ מְלַיְהָם עֲלֵיהֶם נִגְלֵיתְ. וּבְקוֹל שׁוֹפָּר עֲלֵיהֶם הוֹפַּעְתָּ. נְבְלוֹל שׁוֹפָּר עֲלֵיהֶם הוֹפַּעְתָּ.

We now say 10 pesukim with the word "Shofar" in it.

When the Torah was given, in addition to thunder and lightning, the Jewish people heard the sound of a shofar blasting that was very loud and caused the people to be very frightened.

Unlike the shofar blown by a human being, where the strength of the blast gets weaker as the sound continues, the sound of the Shofar blown at Har Sinai when the Torah was given got stronger as it continued on.



בַּבֶּתוּב בְּתוֹרֶתֶךְ:

וְיְהִי בִּיוֹם הַשְּׁלִישִׁי בִּהְיֹת הַבּּקֶר וַיְהִי קלת וּבְרָקִים וְעָנְן בְּבֵד עַל הָהָר וְקֹל שׁפָּר חָזֶק מְאֹד, וַיָּחֲרַד בְּל הָעָם אֲשֶׁר בַּמַחֲנָה:

וָנֶאֱמֶר:

2) וַיְהִי קוֹל הַשּׁפְּר הוֹלֵךְ וְחָזֵק מְאד, משֶׁה יְדַבֵּר וְהָאֶלֹהִים יַעֲנֵנוּ בִקוֹל: מוסף _____ ראש השנה | 45

You were revealed in Your cloud of glory to Your holy people to speak with them. From the heavens You made them hear Your voice and revealed Yourself to them in thick clouds of purity. Moreover, the entire universe shuddered before You and the creatures of creation trembled before You during Your revelation, our King, on Mount Sinai to teach Your people Torah and commandments. You made them hear the majesty of Your voice and Your holy utterances from fiery flames. Amid thunder and lightning You were revealed to them and with the sound of shofar You appeared to them,



As it is written in Your Torah:

1) And it was on the third day when it was morning, there was thunder and lightning, a heavy cloud was on the mountain and the sound of the shofar was very strong, and the entire people in the camp trembled.

And it is said:

 And the sound of the shofar became increasingly stronger, Moses would speak and God would respond with a voice. We now say 10 pesukim with the word "Shofar" in it.

When the Torah was given, in addition to thunder and lightning, the Jewish people heard the sound of a shofar blasting that was very loud and caused the people to be very frightened.

Unlike the shofar blown by a human being, where the strength of the blast gets weaker as the sound continues, the sound of the Shofar blown at Har Sinai when the Torah was given got stronger as it continued on.



ונאמר:

The Jewish people not only heard the sounds of the commandments, the thunder, and the shofar, but they also saw the sounds that were emanating from Har Sinai. They perceived spiritual concepts with their eyes. What an awe inspiring sight this must have been.

3) וְכָל הָעָם רֹאִים אֵת הַקּוֹלת וְאֵת הַלַּפִּידִם וָאֵת קוֹל הַשֹּׁפַר וָאֵת הַהַר עַשָּׁר, וַיַּרָא הַעָם וַיַנְעוּ וַיַעַמִדוּ מֵרַחק:



Shofar of Rosh Hashanah

Hashem may start off with the trait of אל (judgement) but because of the תרוּעה (shofar sound), He switched to mercy.

This pasuk reveals to us that we blow the shofar in front of Hashem the King. We are coronating the King on the day of creation with the shofar blowing.

We are taught to blow the shofar on Rosh Hodesh when the moon is בַּכֵּסֶה (covered) when it is ליוֹם חגנוּ (when the holiday comes). The moon is covered at the beginning of the month. Rosh Hashana is the only holiday at the beginning of a month. Thus we learn to blow the shofar on the holiday of

Rosh Hashana.

וּבְרַבְרֵי קָרְשָׁךְ בָּתוּב לֵאמֹר:

עלה אלהים בתרועה, יהוָה בִּקוֹל שוֹפַר:

ונאמר:

5) בַּחַצֹּצִרוֹת וְקוֹל שׁוֹפְּר, הַרִיעוּ לִפְנֵי הַמֵּלֶדְ יהוה:

ונאמר:

הקעו בחדש שופר, (6 בַּבֶּמָה לִיוֹם חַגֵּנוּ:



And it is said:

3) And the entire people saw the sounds and the flames and the sound of the shofar and the smoking mountain, and the people saw and trembled and they stood from afar.

The Jewish people not only heard the sounds of the commandments, the thunder, and the shofar, but they also saw the sounds that were emanating from Har Sinai. They perceived spiritual concepts with their eyes. What an awe inspiring sight this must have been.



And in Your Holy Writings, it is written:

 God has ascended with a blast, HASHEM, with the sound of the shofar.

And it is said:

5) With trumpets and shofar sound, call out before the King, HASHEM.

And it is said:

6) Blow the shofar at the moon's renewal, at the time appointed for our festive day.

Hashem may start off with the trait of אֱלֹהִים (judgement) but because of the תְּרוּצָה (shofar sound), He switched to mercy.

This pasuk reveals to us that we blow the shofar in front of Hashem the King. We are coronating the King on the day of creation with the shofar blowing.

We are taught to blow the shofar on Rosh Hodesh when the moon is בַּכֶּטֶה (covered) when it is אַלּיוֹם תַגנוּ (when the holiday comes). The moon is covered at the beginning of the month. Rosh Hashana is the only holiday at the beginning of a month. Thus, we learn to blow the shofar on the holiday of Rosh Hashana.

הַ**לְלוּיָה**. הַלְלוּ אֵל בְּקְרְשׁוֹ. הַלְלוּהוּ בִּרְקִיעַ עָזּוֹ: הַלְלוּהוּ בִּגְבוּרתִיוּ. הַלְלוּהוּ בְּרב גָּדְלוֹ: הַלְלוּהוּ בְּתֵקַע שׁוַפָּר. הַלְלִוּהוּ בְּנֶבֶל וְכִבּוֹר: הַלְלוּהוּ בְּתֹף וּמָחוֹל. הַלְלוּהוּ בְּמִנִּים ְוְעֻנְב: הַלֶּלוּהוּ בְצִלְצְלֵי שֻמַע. הָלְלוּהוּ בְּצִלְצְלֵי תְרוּעָה: כל הַנְשַׁמָה תַהַלֵּל יָה הַלְלוּיַה:



When the Mashiach comes. "ביּוֹם ההוּא," on that day, we will blow the great shofar and all the nations will bow to Hashem and

recognize His greatness.

When the shofar of Mashiach blows, the whole world will recognize Hashem and hear about His greatness immediately.

וְעָל וְדֵי עֲכָדֶיךְּ הַנְּבִיאִים כְּתוּכ לאמר:

ההוא יַתַקע בְשוֹפַר גַדוֹל ובאו האבדים באַרץ וְהַנְּדַּחִים מִצְרֵים, וְהִשְׁתַּחֲווּ כַּידֹוֶד בִּהַר הַקֹדָשׁ בִּירוּשָׁלַיִם:

ונאמר:

8) כָּל ישָׁבֵי תַבֵּל וְשֹׁכְנֵי אַרץ, כָּנִשאׁ נֵס הַרִים תָרָאוּ וְכָתַקֹעַ שׁוֹפַּר תשמעו:

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Halleluyah! Praise God in His Sanctuary; praise Him in the firmament of His power. Praise Him for His mighty acts; praise Him as befits His abundant greatness. Praise Him with the blast of the shofar; praise Him with lyre and harp. Praise Him with drum and dance; praise Him with organ and flute. Praise Him with clanging cymbals; praise Him with resonant trumpets.

Let all souls praise God, Halleluyah!



And through Your servants, the Prophets, the following is written:

7) And it will be on that day that a great shofar will be blown, and then will come those lost in the land of Assyria and those cast away in the land of Egypt; and they shall prostrate themselves to HASHEM on the holy mountain in Jerusalem.

When the Mashiach comes, "בֵּיוֹם הַהוֹא"," on that day, we will blow the great shofar and all the nations will bow to Hashem and recognize His greatness.

And it is said:

8) All inhabitants of the world and dwellers of the earth — you shall see]that Israel has been ingathered[as if a banner were raised on mountaintops and you shall hear it as if a shofar were sounded.

When the shofar of Mashiach blows, the whole world will recognize Hashem and hear about His greatness immediately.



וָנֶאֱמֶר:

This pasuk refers to the fact that Hashem will seek vengeance from the nations of the world at the end of time, specifically at the war of Gog and Magog.

יהוְה עֲלֵיהֶם יֵרְאֶה וְיִצְא כַבְּּרֶק חִצּוֹ, וַאִּדְנְּי וְיִצְא כַבְּּרֶק חִצּוֹ, וַאִדֹנְי יֵהוָה (קְרִי אֱלֹהִים) בְּּטוֹפְר יִתְקְע, וְהְלַהְ בְּּטִעְרוֹת תֵּימְן: יְהוְה בְּבְאוֹת יְגוְ עֲלֵיהֶם: יְהוְה צְּבְאוֹת יְגוְ עֲלֵיכֶם: יְהוְה צְּבָאוֹת יָגוְ עָלֵינוּ:

We ask Hashem to blow the great shofar that will signal the coming of the Mashiach. We are asking for Hashem to bring the Final Redemption.

אֶלֹתֵינוּ נֵאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, תְּקַע בְּשׁוֹפָּר גָּדוֹל לְחֵרוּתֵנוּ, וְשָׂא נֵס לְקַבֵּץ גָּלְיוֹתֵינוּ, וְקַיֵם לְנוּ יְהֹוָה אֱלֹהֵינוּ אֶת הַדְּבָר שֶׁהִבְטַחְתָּנוּ בְּתוֹרְתָךְ, עַל יְדֵי משֶׁה עַבְדָּךְ, מִפִּי כִבוֹדָךְ כַּאַמוּר:



And it is said:

9) And **HASHEM** will appear to them and His arrow will go forth like a flash of lightning, and my Lord HASHEM/ ELOHIM will sound the shofar and shall go southward with storm winds. HASHEM. Master of Legions, will shield them. So may You shield Your people Israel with Your peace.

This pasuk refers to the fact that Hashem will seek vengeance from the nations of the world at the end of time, specifically at the war of Gog and Magog.

Our God and the God of our forefathers, sound the great shofar for our freedom, raise the banner to gather our exiles. Draw our scattered ones near from among the nations, and bring in our dispersions from the ends of the earth! Bring us to Zion, Your city, in glad song, and to Jerusalem, home of Your Sanctuary, in eternal joy. There we will perform before You our obligatory offerings as is commanded to us in Your Torah, through Moses, Your servant, from Your glorious expression.

We ask Hashem to blow the great shofar that will signal the coming of the Mashiach. We are asking for Hashem to bring the Final Redemption.



This *pasuk* is the source for the three berachot structure of שופרות and זכרונות, מלכיות.

- וּתְקַעְתֶּם בַּחֲצֹצְרֹת is the reference to *Shofarot*.
- וְהָיוּ לָכֶם לְזִכְּרוֹן is the reference to *Zichronot*.
- לְפְנֵי אֱלֹהֵיכֶם is the reference to *Malchiyot*.

וּבְיוֹם שִׂמְחַתְּכֶם וּבְמוֹעֲדִיכֶם וּבְרָאשֵׁי חְדְשֵׁכֶם וּתְקַעְתֶם בַּחֲצִצְרת עַל עלתִיכֶם וְעַל זִבְחֵי שַׁלְמֵיכֶם, וְהִיוּ לָכֶם לְזִבְּרוֹן לפְנֵי אֶלהֵיכֶם אֲנִי יְהֹוָה אַלהֵיכֶם

בִּי שׁוֹמֵעַ קוֹל שׁוֹפָר אָתָה, וּמַאֲזִין תְּרוּעָה וְאֵין דּוֹמֶה לְדְּ, בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יְהֹוָה, שׁוֹמֵעַ קוֹל תְרוּעַת עַמּוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל (בשבת לא יאמר "היום") הַיּוֹם בָּרָהַמִּים:

Shofar is sounded

תקיעה שברים תרועה תקיעה תקיעה שברים תקיעה תקיעה תרועה תקיעה

The world was created on the 25th of Elul. On the 6th day, of creation which was the first of Tishrey (Rosh Hashana), Hashem created man. Since the creation of man is the purpose of the world's existence, today is the anniversary of the day the purpose of the world came into existence.

תַּיּוֹם הְרַת עוֹלֶם, הַיּוֹם יַעְמִיד בְּמִשְׁפָּט, כָּל יְצוּרֵי עוֹלֶם, אָם יַעְמִיד בְּמִשְׁפָּט, כָּל יְצוּרֵי עוֹלֶם, אָם בְּבָנִים רַחֲמֵנוּ בְּעְבָרִים. אָם בְּבָנִים רַחֲמֵנוּ בְּרָחֵם אָב עַל בְּנִים. אִם בַּעְרָחֵם אָב עַל בְּנִים. אִם בַּעְרָים עִינִינוּ לְךְ תְלוּיוֹת, עַד שֶׁתְּחָנֵנוּ וְתוֹצִיא לְאוֹר מִשְׁבְּמֵנוּ, קַדוֹש:

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10) And on the day of your gladness, on your festivals, and on your new moons you are to sound the trumpets over your elevation offerings, and over your peace-offerings; and they shall be a remembrance for you before your God: I am HASHEM. Your God.

This *pasuk* is the source for the three berachot structure of שופרות. מלכיות, מלכיות, מלכיות, מלכיות, מלכיות, מלכיות, מלכיות,

- וּתְקַעְתֶּם בַּחֲצֹצְרֹת is the reference to *Shofarot*.
- וְהָיּוּ לְכֶם לְזִכְּרוֹן is the reference to *Zichronot*.
- לְפְנֵי אֱלֹהֵיכֶם is the reference to *Malchiyot*.

For You hear the sound of the shofar and You give ear to the teruah, and none is comparable to You. Blessed are You, HASHEM, Who hears the shofar-sound of His people [on Shabbat, don't say "today"] today Israel with mercy.

Shofar is sounded

תקיעה שברים תרועה תקיעה תקיעה שברים תקיעה תקיעה תרועה תקיעה

Today is the birth[day] of the world. Today all creatures of the world stand in judgment — whether as children [of God] or as servants. If as children, be merciful with us as the mercy of a father for children. If as servants, our eyes [look toward and] depend upon You, until You will be gracious to us and release our verdict [clear and pure] as light, O Awesome and Holy One.

The world was created on the 25th of Elul. On the 6th day, of creation which was the first of Tishrey (Rosh Hashana), Hashem created man. Since the creation of man is the purpose of the world's existence, today is the anniversary of the day the purpose of the world came into existence.

רְּצֶּה יהוה אֱלֹהֵינוּ בְּעַמְּךּ יִשְׂרָאֵל וְלְתְפָּלֶּתָם שְׁעֵה. וְהָשֵׁב הְצְבוֹּדְה לִּרְבִיר בֵּיתֶךְ. וְאִשֵּׁי יִשְׂרָאֵל וּתְפִּלְּתָם מְהֵרָה בְּאַהֲבָה תְּקַבֵּל בְּרָצוֹן. וּתְהִי לְרָצוֹן תָּמִיד עְבוֹדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל עַמֶּךְ: וְאַתָּה לְרָצוֹן תָּמִיד עְבוֹדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל עַמֶּךְ: וְאַתָּה, בְּרַחֲמִיך הָרַבִּים. תַּחְפֹּץ בְּנוּ וְתִרְצֵנוּ וְתָחֲזֶינְה עֵינֵינוּ בְּשוּבְךְ לְצִיוֹן בְּרַחֲמִים: בְּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, הַמַּחֲזִיר שְׁכִינְתוֹ לְצִיוֹן:

מודים דרבנן:

בחזרת הש"ץ כשמסיים החזן ברכת "המחזיר שכינתו לציון", עונים הציבור "אמן", ואחר כך כורעים ראשיהם ואומרים:

מוֹרִים אֲנַחְנוּ לָךְ שֶׁאַתָּה הוּא יהוה אֱלֹהֵינוּ וֵאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ אֱלֹהֵי כָל בָּשֶׁר. יוֹצְרֵנוּ יוֹצֵר בְּרֵאשִׁית. בְּרָכוֹת וְהוֹרָאוֹת לְשִׁקְּךְוֹשׁ עֵל שֶׁהֶחֲיִיתְנוּ וְקִיַמְתְנוּ. בֵּן תְחַיֵּינוּ וְתְּבֵנוּ. וְתָצֶמוֹף נְּלְיוֹתֵינוּ לְחַצְרוֹת קְרְשֶׁךְ. לִשְׁמֹר חָקֶיךְ וֹלְעָבְדְּךְ בְּלֵבְנ שְׁלֵם. עַל שֶׁאֲנַחְנוּ מוֹרִים וְלַעֲשׁוֹת רְצוֹנְךְ. וּלְעָבְדְּךְ בְּלֵבְנ שְׁלֵם. עַל שֶׁאֲנַחְנוּ מוֹרִים לְרָ. בְּרוּךְ אֵל הַהוֹרָאוֹת:

ּוְעַל כָּלָם יִתְבָּרַךְ וְיִתְרוֹמָם וְיִתְנַשֵּׂא תָּמִיד שִׁמְךְ מַלְבֵּנוּ לְעוֹלְם וָעֶד. וְכָל הַחַיִּים יוֹדוּךְ פֶּלָה: Be favorable, HASHEM, our God, toward Your people Israel and their prayer, and restore the service to the Holy of Holies of Your Temple. The fire-offerings of Israel and their prayer accept with love and favor, and may the service of Your people Israel always be favorable to You.

May our eyes behold Your return to Zion in compassion. Blessed are You, HASHEM, Who restores His Presence to Zion.

We gratefully thank You, for it is You Who are HASHEM, our God and the God of our forefathers for all eternity; Rock of our lives, Shield of our salvation are You from generation to generation. We shall thank You and relate Your praise — for our lives, which are committed to Your power and for our souls that are entrusted to You; for Your miracles that are with us every day; and for Your wonders and favors in every season — evening, morning, and afternoon. The Beneficent One, for Your compassions were never exhausted, and the Compassionate One, for Your kindnesses never ended — always have we put our hope in You.

While the Hazzan recites the previous paragraph, the congregants bow and say in an undertone:

We are thankful to You, that you, Adonay, are our God, and God of our forefathers, God of all flesh, Our Creator, Creator of the beginning. Blessing and thanksgivings are due to Your great and holy Name for keeping us alive, and sustaining us; so may You always keep us alive, and be gracious to us, and gather our exiles to the courtyards of Your Sanctuary to observe Your statutes, and to do Your will, and to serve You wholeheartedly, for we are thankful to You. Blessed is the Almighty to Whom all thanks are due.

For all these, may Your Name be blessed and exalted, our King, continually forever and ever.

וּכְתוֹב לְחַיִּים טוֹבִים כָּל בְּנֵי בְרִיתֶךְ:

(אם שכח ולא אמר: "וכתוב" וכו', ונזכר אחר שהזכיר שם ה' בברכה, לא יחזור):

וֹיבֶרְכוּ אָת שִּמְךּ הַנָּדוֹל בֶּאֶמֶת לְעוֹלָם כִּי טוֹב. הָאֵל יְשׁוּעָתֵנוּ וְעָזְרָתֵנוּ סֶלָה הָאֵל הַפוֹב:בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יהוה, הַפּוֹב שִׁמְךְ וּלְךְ נָאֶה לְהוֹדוֹת:

שְלוֹם מוֹכָה וּבְרָכָה חַיִים חֵן וָחֶסֶד צְּדָקְה וְרַחֲמִים עֲלֵינוּ וְעַל כָּל יִשְׂרָאֵל עַמֶּךְ, וּבְרָכֵנוּ אָבִינוּ כָּלְנוּ כְּאָחָד בְּאוֹר פָּנֶיךְ, וּבְרָכֵנוּ אָבִינוּ כָּלְנוּ כְּאָחָד בְּאוֹר פָּנֶיךְ, כִּי רְבִּוֹר אָלֹהֵינוּ תּוֹרָה וְחַיִים. אַהֲבָה נְשָׁלוֹם. נְמוֹב בְּעֵינֶיךְ לְבָרְכֵנוּ וְשָׁלוֹם. וְמוֹב בְּעֵינֶיךְ לְבָרְכֵנוּ וְשָׁלוֹם. וְמוֹב בְּעֵינֶיךְ לְבָרְכֵנוּ וּשְׂרָאֵל בְּרוֹב עֹז וְשָׁלוֹם: וּלְבָרֶבֵנוּ אָת כָּל עַמְּךְ יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּרוֹב עֹז וְשָׁלוֹם:

בחזרה אומר החזן:

וְאַתֶּם הַדְּבֵקִים בַּיהוֹה אֱלֹהֵיכֶם, חַיִּים כַּלְכֶם הַיּוֹם:

הַיּוֹם תְּבֶרְבֵנוּ.	הַיוֹם הְאַמְצֵנוּ.
הַיּוֹם תְּדַגְּלֵנוּ.	הַיּוֹם תְּגַדְּלֵנוּ.
הַיוֹם תְּוַעֲדֵנוּ וַעַד מוֹב.	היום תְהַדְּרֵנוּ.
הַיוֹם תְּחַיֵינוּ.	הַיוֹם הְזַבֵנוּ.
הַיּוֹם תְּמַהֲרֵנוּ.	הַיּוֹם תְּחָנֵנוּ.
הַיוֹם תִּכְתְּרֵנוּ בְּכֶתֶר שֵׁם מוֹב.	הַיּוֹם תְּיַשֵּׁר אָרְחוֹתֵינוּ.
הַיּוֹם הְמַלְּמֵנוּ.	הַיוֹם הְלַבְּבֵנוּ.

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And inscribe all the children of Your covenant for a good life.

If the above passage was forgotten, do not repeat Amida.

Everything alive will gratefully acknowledge You, Selah! and praise Your Name sincerely, O God of our salvation and help, Selah! Blessed are You, HASHEM, Your Name is "The Beneficent One" and to You it is fitting to give thanks.

Establish peace, goodness, blessing, graciousness, kindness and compassion upon us and upon all of Your people Israel. Bless us, our Father, all of us as one, with the light of Your countenance, for with the light of Your countenance You gave us, HASHEM, our God, the Torah of life and a love of kindness, righteousness, blessing, compassion, life, and peace. And may it be good in Your eyes to bless Your people Israel, in every season and in every hour with Your peace.

During the repetition of the Amidah the Hazzan says:

You who cleave to Adonay, Your God you are all living today.

On this day, make us strong. On this day, bless us.

On this day, make us great. On this day, exalt our banner.

On this day, grant us honor. On this day, summon us to a good

gathering.

On this day, exonerate us. On this day, grant us life.

On this day, favor us. On this day, cleanse us from our

sins.

On this day, straighten our paths. On this day, crown us with a crown of a good name.

On this day, encourage us. On this day, rescue us.

On this day, elevate us. On this day, support us.

הַיוֹם תְנַשְּׂאֵנוּ. הַיוֹם תְּסַעְדֵנוּ.

הַיּוֹם תְּעַשְׁרֵנוּ. הַיּוֹם תִּפְּקְדֵנוּ בְרַחֲמֶיךְ לְחַיִּים טוֹבִים.

הַיּוֹם הְצַדְּקֵנוּ. הַיּוֹם הְקָרְבֵנוּ לַעְבוֹדְתֶדְ.

הַיוֹם תְרַחֲמֵנוּ. הַיוֹם תִּשְׁמֵע תִּפְּלָּתֵנוּ.

הַיּוֹם תִּתְנֵנוּ לְחֵן וּלְחֶפֶר וּלְרַחֲמִים.

וְתִכְתְבֵנוּ בְרַחֲמֶיךְ לְחַיִים טוֹבִים:

יּבְםֵבֶּר חַיִּים בְּרָבָה וְשָׁלוֹם וּפַּרְנָסָה טוֹבָה וִישׁוּעָה וְנֶחְמָה

ּוּבְםֵּבֶּר חַיִּים בְּרָבָה וְשָּׁרוֹם וּפַּרְנָּסָה טוּבָה וִישוּעָה וְנֶחָכְּה וּגְזֵרוֹת טוֹבוֹת. נִזָבֵר וְנִבָּתֵב לְפָנֶיךְ אֲנַחְנוּ וְכָל עַמְךְּ יִשְׂרָאֵל לְחַיִּים טוֹבִים וּלְשָׁלוֹם:

בְּרוּךְ אַתְּח יוּהוּווּהוּ יאהרונהי, הַמְבְרֵךְ אֶת עַמּוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל בַּשְׁלוֹם אָמֵן:

יָהְיוֹ לְרָצוֹן אִמְרֵי פִּי וְהָגְיוֹן לְבִּי לְפָנֶיךְ. יהוה צוּרִי וְגֹאֲלִי:

אָלְתַּיּ, נְצוֹר לְשׁוֹנִי מֵרָע. וְשִׂפְתוֹתֵי מִדָּבֵּר מִרְמָה. וְלְמְקַלְלֵי נַפְּשִׁי תְּדִּוֹם. וְנַפְשִׁי בֶּעָפָר לַכֹּל תִּהְיֶה. פְתַח לִבִּי בְּתוֹרְתֶךְ. וְאַחֲרֵי מִצְוֹתֶיךְ תִּרְוֹם. וְנַפְשִׁי נָכָל הַקְּמִים עָלִי לְרָעָה. מְהֵרָה הָפֵּר עֲצָתָם וְקַלְקַל מַחְשְׁבוֹתָם. עֲשֵׂה לְמַעַן שְׁמָךְ. עֲשֵׂה לְמַעַן יְמִינְךְ. עֲשֵׂה לְמַעַן תְּוֹרְתָךְ. עֲשֵׂה לְמַעַן קְרָשְׁתָךְ. לְמַעַן יִחָלְצוּן יְדִידֶיךְ. הוֹשִׁיעָה יְמִינְךְ וַעֲנֵנִי:

יִהְיוּ לְרָצוֹן אִמְרֵי פִּי וְהָגְיוֹן לְבִּי לְפָנֶיךָ. יהוה צוּרִי וְגֹאֲלִי:

עוֹשֶׂה הַשָּׁלוֹם בִּמְרוֹמָיו, הוּא בְרַחֲמָיו יַעְשֶׂה שָׁלוֹם עְלֵינוּ, וְעַלֹ בָּל עַמּוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן:

יהוה אֱלֹהֵינוּ וְאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתִינוּ, שֶׁתִּבְנֶה יְהוֹה אֱלֹהֵינוּ וֵאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתִינוּ, שֶׁתִּבְנֶה בִּיְמִינוּ וְתֵן חֶלְקֵנוּ בְתוֹרָתְךְ לַעֲשׁוֹת חֻמֵּי בֵּית הַמִּקְדָּשׁ בִּמְהַרָה בְיָמֵינוּ וְתֵן חֶלְמֵנוּ בְתוֹרָתְךְ לַעֲשׁוֹת חֻמֵּי בִּית הַמִּקְדָּשׁ בִּמְבָב שְׁלֵם:
רְצוֹנֶךְ וּלְעָבְדְּךְ בְּלֵבְב שְׁלֵם:

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On this day, adorn us. On this day, remember us for a good life.

On this day, acquit us. On this day, bring us close to Your service.

On this day, have compassion over us. On this day, hear our prayer.

On this day, grant us grace, kindness, and mercy.

On this day, inscribe us for a good life and for peace.

In the book of life, blessing, and peace, and good livelihood, may we be remembered and inscribed before You — we and Your entire people the Family of Israel — for a good life and for peace.

Blessed are You, HASHEM, Who blesses His people with peace.

May the expressions of my mouth and the thoughts of my heart find favor before You,

HASHEM, my Rock and my Redeemer.

My God, guard my tongue from evil and my lips from speaking deceitfully. To those who curse me, let my soul be silent; and let my soul be like dust to everyone. Open my heart to Your Torah, then my soul will pursue Your commandments. As for all those who design evil against me, speedily nullify their counsel and disrupt their design. Act for Your Name's sake; act for Your right hand's sake; act for Your sanctity's sake; act for Your Torah's sake. That Your beloved ones may be given rest; let Your right hand save, and respond to me.

May the expressions of my mouth and the thoughts of my heart find favor before You, HASHEM, my Rock and my Redeemer.

אלייט He Who makes the peace in His heights, may He make peace upon us, and upon all Israel. Now respond: Amen.

May it be Your will, HASHEM, our God and the God of our forefathers, that the Holy Temple be rebuilt, speedily in our days. Grant us our share in Your Torah,4 and may we serve You there with reverence, as in days of old and in former years. Then the offering of Judah and Jerusalem will be pleasing to HASHEM, as in days of old and in former years.

בֶּתֶר יִהְנוּ לְדִּ יהוה אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֵלְאָכִים הֲמוֹנֵי מֵעְלָה עם עַמְּדְ יִשְׂרָאֵל קְבוּצֵי מַפָּה. יַחַד כָּלָּם קְדָשָּה לְדִּ יְשַׁכֵּשׁוּ בַּדָּבָר הָאָמוּר עַל יַד נְבִיאָדְ:וְקָרָא זֶה אֶל זֶה וְאָמַר:

קְדוֹשׁ. קְדוֹשׁ יְדוְד יאהדונהי צְבָאוֹת. מְלֹא כָל הָאָרֶץ כְּבוֹדוֹ:כְּבוֹדוֹ מָלֵא עוֹלָם וּמְשְׁרְתִיו שׁוֹאֲלִים אַיֵּה מְקוֹם כְּבוֹדוֹ לְהַעֲרִיצוֹ:לְעָמְּתָם מְשַׁבְּחִים וְאוֹמְרִים:בָּרוּךְ כְּבוֹד יהוה מִמְּקוֹמוֹ:

מְמְּקוֹמוֹ הוּא יָפֶּן בְּרַחֲמְיו לְעַמּוֹ הַמְיַחֲדִים שְׁמוֹ עֶרֶב וְבֹקֶר בְּכָל יוֹם תִּמִיד אוֹמְרִים פַּעֲמֵים בְּאַהֲבָה:

שְׁמַע יִשְׂרָאֵל. יהוה אֱלֹהֵינוּ יהוה אֶחָד: הוּא אֱלֹהֵינוּ.

הוּא אָבִינוּ. הוּא מַלְבֵּנוּ. הוּא מוֹשִׁיעֵנוּ. הוּא יוֹשִׁיעֵנוּ

וְיִגְאָלֵנוּ שֵׁנִית. וְיַשְׁמִיעֵנוּ בְּרַחֲמְיו לְעֵינֵי כָּל חִי

לֵאמֹר. הַן נְּאַלְתִּי אֶתְכֶם אַחֲרִית בְּרֵאשִׁית לִהְיוֹת

לָכֶם לֵאלֹהִים. אֲנִי יהוה אֱלֹהֵיכֶם:

וּבְדבְרֵי מְדְשָׁךְ בָּתוּב לֵאמֹר:יִמְלֹדְ יהוה לְעוֹלָם אֱלֹהַיִּךְ צִּיּוֹן לְדֹר וָדֹר הַלְלוּיָה:

What to think about when the shofar is blowing

- Mitsvah from the Torah: Misvot need intention. One should think, "I am fulfilling a positive commandment from the Torah of blowing the shofar."
- 2. Thoughts of *teshuba*: The shofar is meant to awaken our sleeping hearts and arouse us to do *teshuba*. Thus, it is proper to think about *teshuba* while hearing the shofar (i.e.; think about our sins and have remorse and a desire to fix them). Ask Hashem to help me do *teshuba*. Feel bad about your sins. Think, "Hashem, I want to come closer to you." Think about the things we are weak in (it is good to take a few minutes before Rosh Hashana to identify the items we are weak in and write them down, so we can think about them while the shofar is blowing).
- 3. Crowning the King: A shofar is blown when a king is crowned. Think about a coronation ceremony with everyone gathered to give the king honor. Think about the honor that is being given to our King right now with everyone in shul on the day of judgement singing praises of Hashem's Name.
- 4. Matan Torah: Think about the giving of the Torah. A shofar sound was heard during *Matan Torah*.
- 5. Akedat Yitshak: The shofar reminds Hashem of *Akedat Yitshak*. After Hashem told Abraham that he does not need to sacrifice Yitshak, Abraham saw a ram nearby and sacrificed it to Hashem. And since a shofar comes from a ram's horn, the blowing of the shofar reminds us of *Akedat Yitshak* and is meant to arouse Hashem's mercy as a result of the great mitsvah of the *Akedah*.
- 6. Crying- Shofar is a crying sound. This is symbolic of the remorse we are supposed to have over our sins.

Mindsets and Attitudes to Aid Rosh Hashana Prayer

- 1. "Hashem is our King." This is the theme of all our Rosh Hashana prayers. We want the whole world to know that as well.
- 2. We, as servants of Hashem, must be humble toward G-d and people (The shofar is bent to remind us to bend ourselves). All our requests are for gifts and donations, we have no demands.
- 3. We aren't asking for a raise (last year's health and happiness and more). We lost our lease and nothing can be taken for granted. (Like someone coming in for a raise and the boss planned on firing him.)
- 4. Not only are we asking for future success, we appreciate everything we received last year (One can have that in mind at "Modim.") You can't ask for more without first saying thank you.
- 5. Strengthen your belief in the power of prayer, especially during these ten days. Respect prayer (no idle talk in shul or talking during Hazara, etc.) If you don't respect something, it doesn't help you.
- 6. I view myself as part of Klal Yisrael (the Jewish people). We are one body. I realize I can't stand on my own merit. Become a person that the Jewish people need and that is a merit for a good judgment.
- 7. Prepare in your mind a new year resolution (an area in religion that you will strengthen yourself in) so you are considered a penitent person. Preferably this resolution should be taken on before the Musaf prayers.
- 8. All the requests that I have are so that I can use them to serve

Mindsets and Attitudes to Aid Rosh Hashana Prayer

 $Hashem\,better\,(For\,God's\,sake).\,Charge\,it\,to\,the\,company\,account.$

- 9. Think of all the success and tragedies that happened in the past year and realize that they were all decided last year on the days between Rosh Hashana and Yom Kippur. Rosh Hashana can be a day of turnaround (e.g., Iyov lost it all and Sarah and Hana were remembered for children).
- 10. Mixed emotions Fear and Faith: In order to really count on Hashem and have *bitahon*, one must first realize the severity of the situation. I am in trouble (even though all seems well) because I am being judged on the upcoming year. Hashem is the only One to count on.
- 11. Be easy going in shul and at home. The way you act toward others and the way you judge others is the way Hashem acts toward you. Take advantage of opportunities to give in to the demands of others.
- 12. Rosh Hashana is the day that commemorates creation. Notice Hashem's "design and purpose" in all of creation (Rabbi Miller zt"l's style).
- 13. Be on your best behavior on the holiday. (Pretend the building inspector is on the building site; everything must be done according to the building code.)
- 14. Rosh Hashanah is a new beginning. Don't think about the past start fresh.

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