

1. First cousins with one letter different in their names.
2. A man and his great-great uncle with one letter different in their names.
3. Which word did both יהודה and יתרו use, which does not occur anywhere else in the Torah?
4. In the פרשה, it says that יתרו heard about the נסים which ה' had done for the בני ישראל and so he came out to the מדבר. Which נסים?
5. Name the three people in the Torah who said 'Baruch Hashem'.
6. What were there 60,000 of?
7. Which worldwide educational movement gets its name from this week's פרשה?
8. A name for an instrument and a year.
9. For which מצוה in the פרשה is the reward ימים ארוכים?
10. Where is water mentioned in the פרשה?
11. Where does the word לא occur four times separated only by one word?
12. What sounds do we find in this week's פרשה?
13. Which change between the עשרת הדברות in יתרו and ואתחנן gives us a phrase in a זמר?
14. Which part of the פרשה is said by many people once a week?
15. Which aspect of the פרשה could mistakenly be translated as the 'upper and lower tastes'?
16. Which עבירה which is one of the עשרת הדברות could be represented by the phrase 'child-sleep'?
17. Three mentions of animals in the פרשה.
18. Which עבירה in the פרשה gave a worm a job?
19. Does it say 'עם סגולה' in the פרשה?
20. Does it say 'נעשה ונשמע' in the פרשה?
21. Where do steps get a mention in the פרשה?
22. Name the 7 people mentioned in the פרשה.
23. Which part of the הפטרה is said many times a day in תפילה?
24. Who would have been the first person to tell his sons the story of יציאת מצרים where they had not experienced it themselves?

יתרו Answers

1. son of Aharon; אליעזר son of Moshe
2. גרשום Gershon was the brother of קהת, the great grandfather of Gershom.
3. בצע gain
4. עמלק and the war against קריעת ים סוף.
5. Noach, Eliezer [servant of Avraham], Yisro.
6. שרי עשרות; judges over 10 people
7. בית יעקב
8. יובל
9. Honouring your parents.
10. Regarding not making images of anything in the water.
11. לא תרצח לא תנאף etc.
12. שופר and thunder
13. לכה דודי in זכור ושמור from the difference how keeping שבת is expressed.
14. שבת in the morning Kiddush on זכור את יום השבת.
15. The two different set of leining notes for the עשרת הדברות are called טעם העליון and טעם התחתון, where טעם means the notes for קריאת התורה but the word טעם also means 'taste'
16. Kidnapping
17. Animals not grazing on Har Sinai, animals not doing מלאכה on שבת; not being jealous of other people's animals.
18. שמיר – the stones of the מזבח – Not using a blade for the stones of the מזבח.
19. No, only סגולה. The phrase 'עם סגולה' comes in ואתחנן.
20. No, only נעשה. The phrase 'נעשה ונשמע' comes in משפטים .
21. Not to have steps going up to the מזבח.
22. יתרו משה גרשום אליעזר פרעה צפורה אהרן
23. קדוש קדוש קדוש, as it appears four times, once in the morning Shema blessings, in the kedushah both of שחרית and מנחה, and also in לציון ובא.
24. Moshe, as his sons only came to the desert after the exodus.